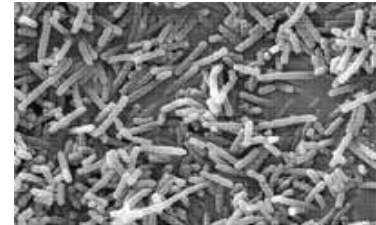


Challenges to Intestinal Immune System

- Vast surface area - 400m^2 (x200 skin)
- **Continual** antigenic challenge
 - Pathogenic bacteria, viruses, parasites
 - Food proteins - $>30\text{kg}/\text{year}$
 - Commensal bacteria - $>10^{12}/\text{ml}$ in colon (>1000 species)

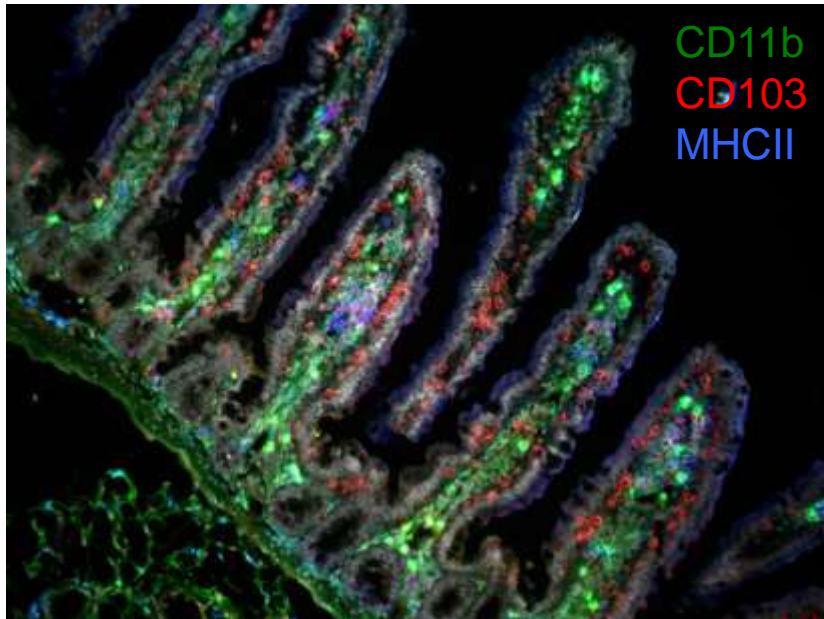
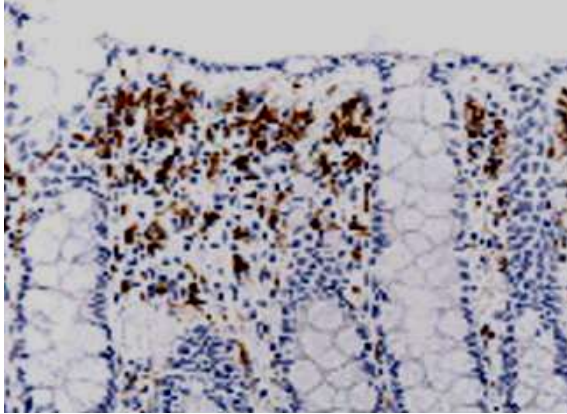


Regulation of Intestinal Immune Responses

- Many materials entering intestine contain specific antigens + PAMPs
- Large resident populations of activated/memory lymphocytes + innate effector cells
- Inappropriate immune responses cause IBD, coeliac disease

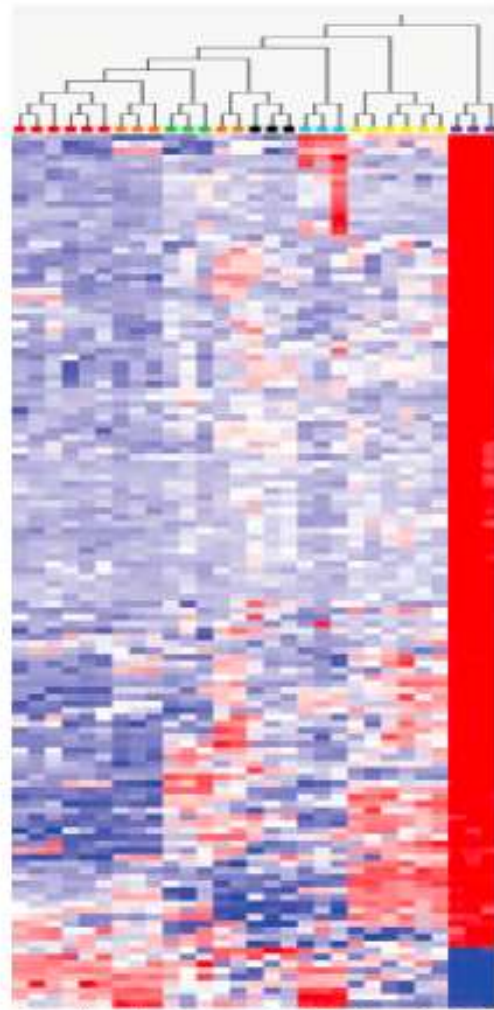
What prevents these conditions?

The Intestinal Macrophage Niche



- Complex tissue with unique physiological functions
- Constant need for monitoring and adaptability
- Macrophages numerous in steady state
- Express PRR, look activated, but no response to eg TLR ligands
- Needed to maintain tolerance and tissue homeostasis
- Also important for protective immunity and inflammation
- How/why are the cells different in the intestine from elsewhere?

Unique Transcriptome of Colonic Macrophages



Peritoneal - F4/80^{hi}
 Peritoneal - F4/80^{lo}
 Lung Alveolar
 Spleen (red pulp)
 Lung Interstitial
 Brain (microglia)
 Bone Marrow
 Dermis (Ly8C-MHCII⁺)
 Dermis (Ly8C-MHCII⁻)
 Colon (Ly8C-MHCII⁺)

Ifitm1
Chchd10
B3gnt8
IghmAC38.205.1.2
LOC672291
V165-D-J-Cmu
Igl-V2
Igh-VJ558
Ighv1-72
LOC382693
Igk-V26
Igk
Igk-V19-14
LOC435333
Igj
Gm189
Olf161
Tagf1
Gpr31b
Gpr31b
Ocstamp
Gm14047
Il12b
Amica1
Gpr114
Lmo4c
Gm5574
Amica1
C1b4
Igkv8-30
LOC637260
Cldn7
Ighg
Krt8
Sprr2a1
Sprr2a1
Ang4
Igk-V21-2
Iglv1
Lgals4
Gm16970
LOC100046496
Ighg
K0k1b21
Pig
Td21

Cdh17
Gsdmaf
Sycn
Zg16
Reg4
Sval1
MUC2
Dmbt1
1810065E05Rik
Tspan1
Phgr1
Muc3
Gsdmc2
Il2ra2
Sprr2a1
K0k1
Spink4
Ccna3
Olf1
Fabp2
Lypd8
Agr2
Mptx1
Rtnlb
Gpx2
Guca2a
Actg2
Gm5571
Gipc2
Fabp5/2
Gm9875
Anxa11
1300002K09Rik
Pgf
Il12
Mxd1
Pocr
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At5c
Zmynd15
Tm4sf5
Mmp13
Tnni3
Ahr

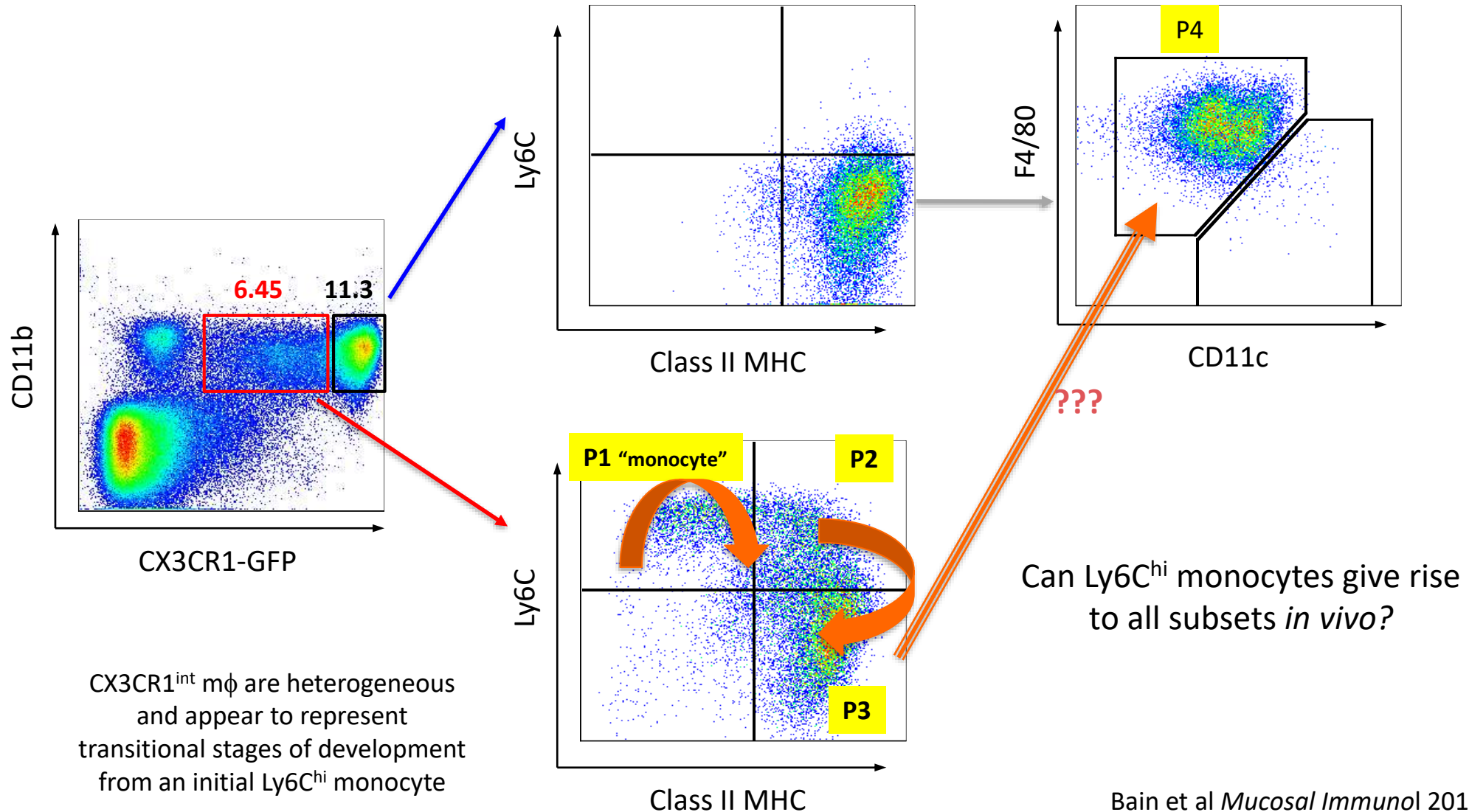
Tlr2
Apo17c
Hes1
Dnae113
Cd4
Lst1
Cram
Hspa1a
Pxnc1
Dusp2
Cxc9
Fgl2
Dbx3
Hspa1
Cdkn1b
Zat1hc17
Stap1
Hsph1
4932438A13Rik
Fkbp5
Gm7931

108 genes expressed $\geq x2$ in colon vs all other tissues

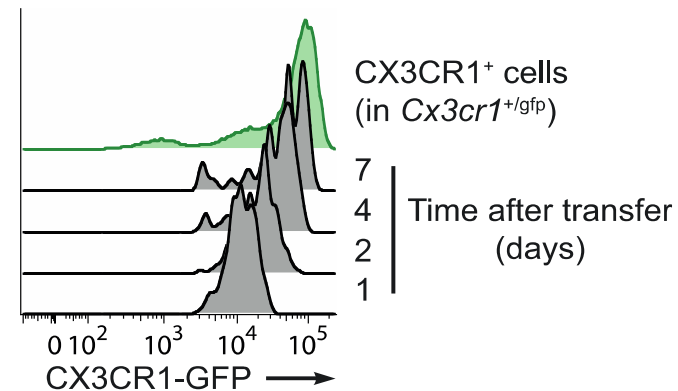
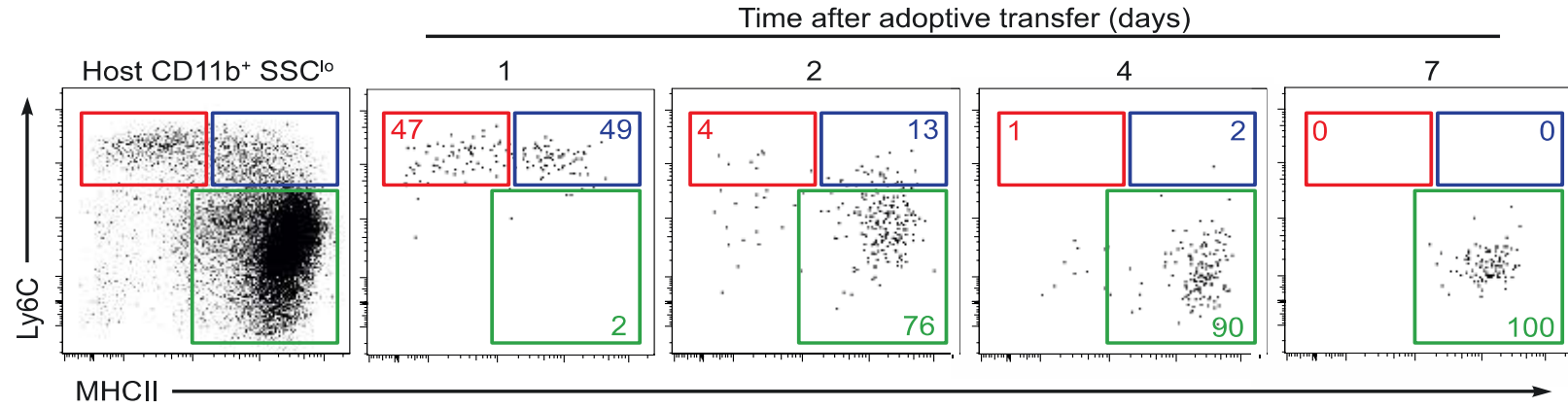
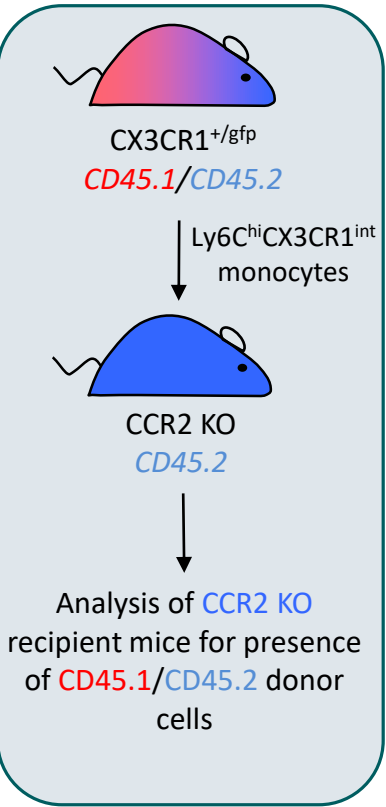
Resident Intestinal Macrophages are Derived from Local
Differentiation of Monocytes

Monocyte-Macrophage “Waterfall” in Normal Colon

CX3CR1^{hi} mφ are homogenous



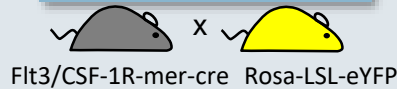
Classical Monocytes Generate Resident Intestinal Macrophages in Colon



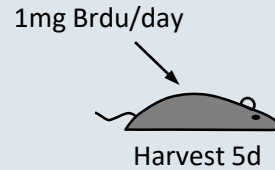
Resident Intestinal Macrophages are Derived from Local Differentiation of Monocytes

Tamoxifen-inducible CSF1R-reporter Mice

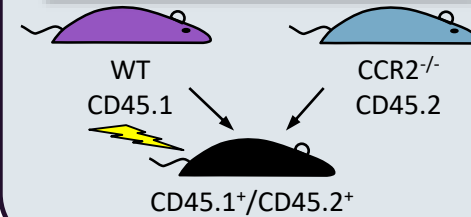
Flt3 Reporter Mice



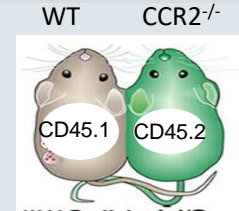
Long Term BrdU



Mixed BM Chimeric Mice



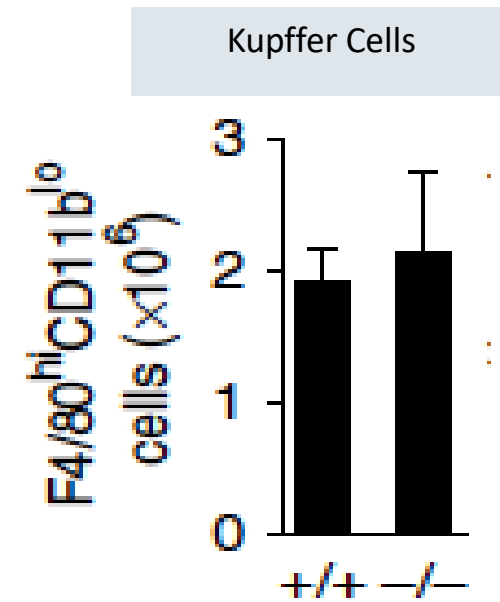
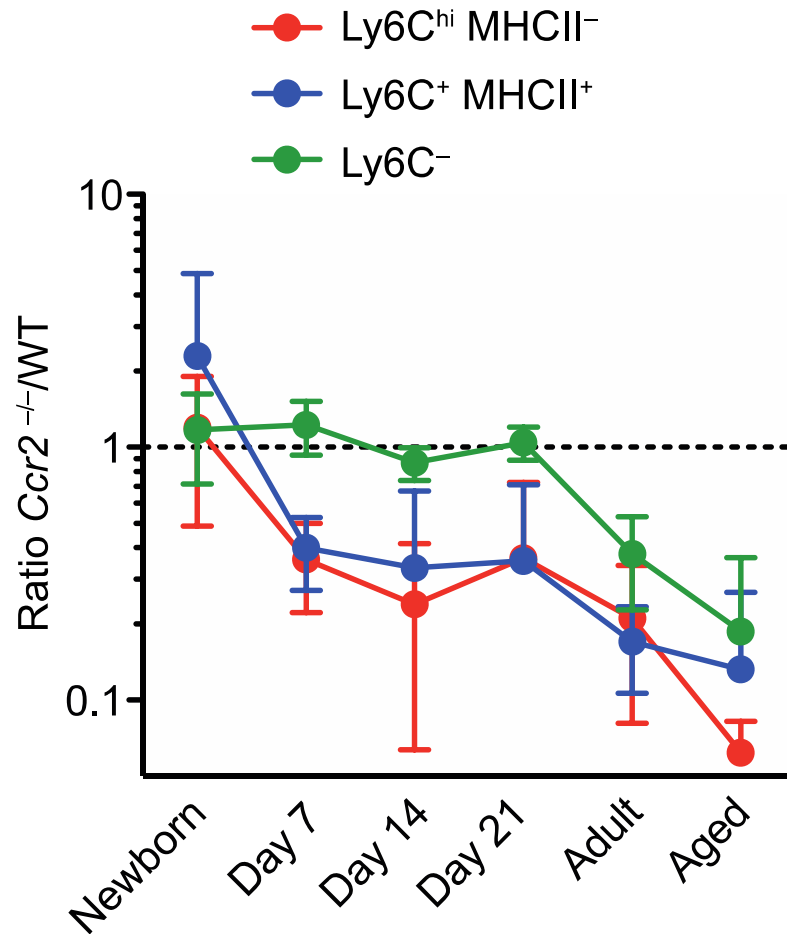
Parabiotic Mice



| Cell Type | YS Derived | Proliferate <i>in situ</i> | Radio-sensitive | BM Derived in Chimeras | Exchange in Parabionts | CCR2 Dependent |
|-----------------------------|------------|----------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| Ly6C ^{hi} Monocyte | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Intestine | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Kupffer Cell | ✓ | ✓ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ |

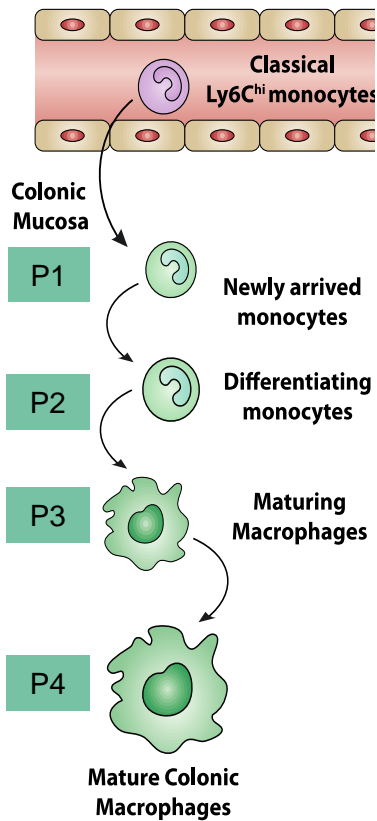
Intestinal macrophages behave identically to Ly6C^{hi} monocytes in multiple models

Continuous Replenishment of Intestinal Macrophages

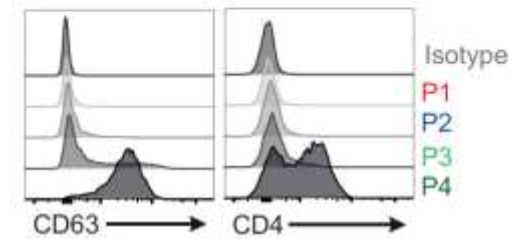
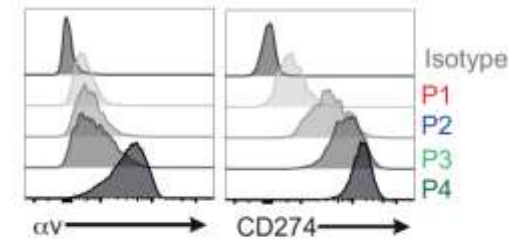
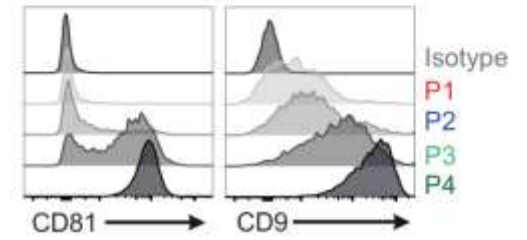
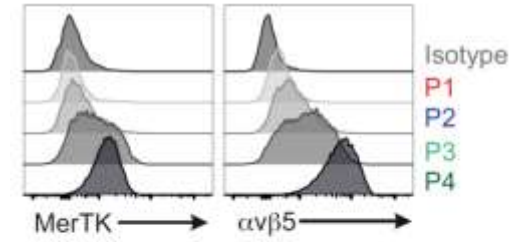
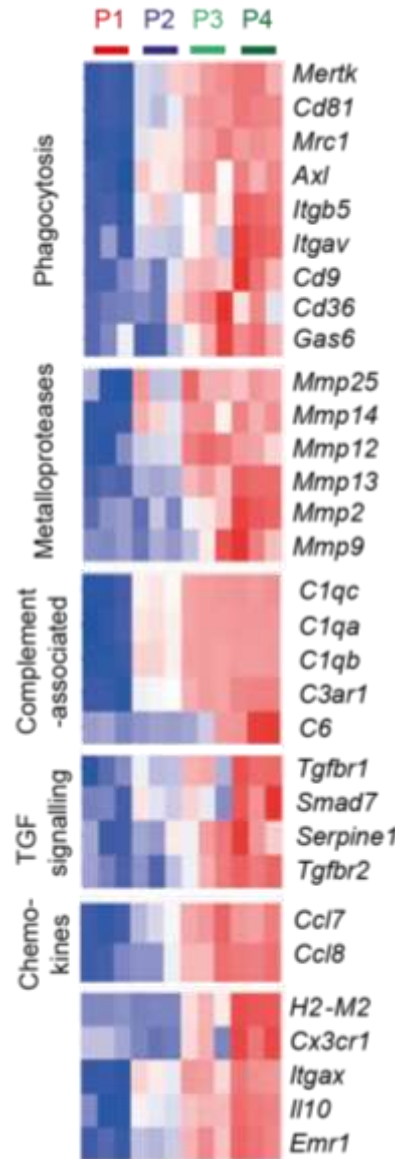
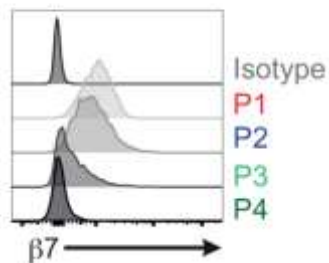
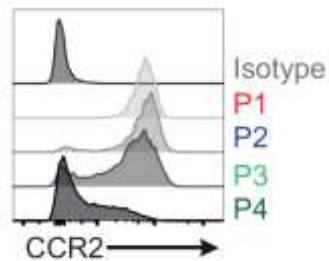
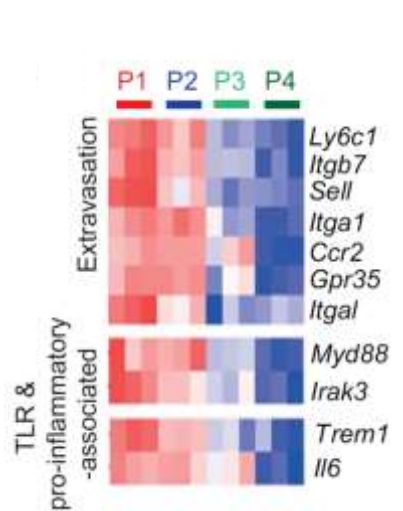


Progressive loss of intestinal macrophages in monocytopenic CCR2KO - unlike other tissues

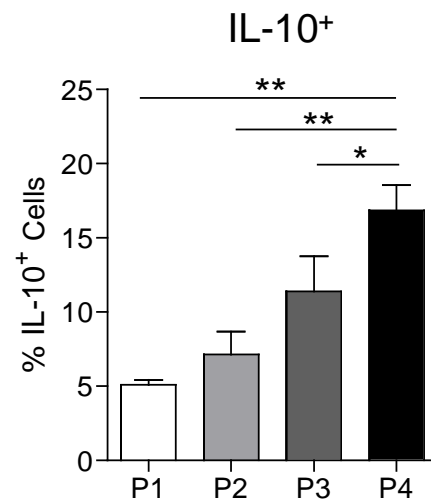
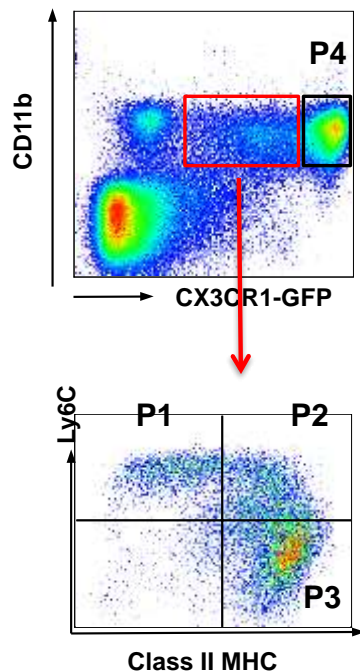
Local Differentiation of Colonic Macrophages



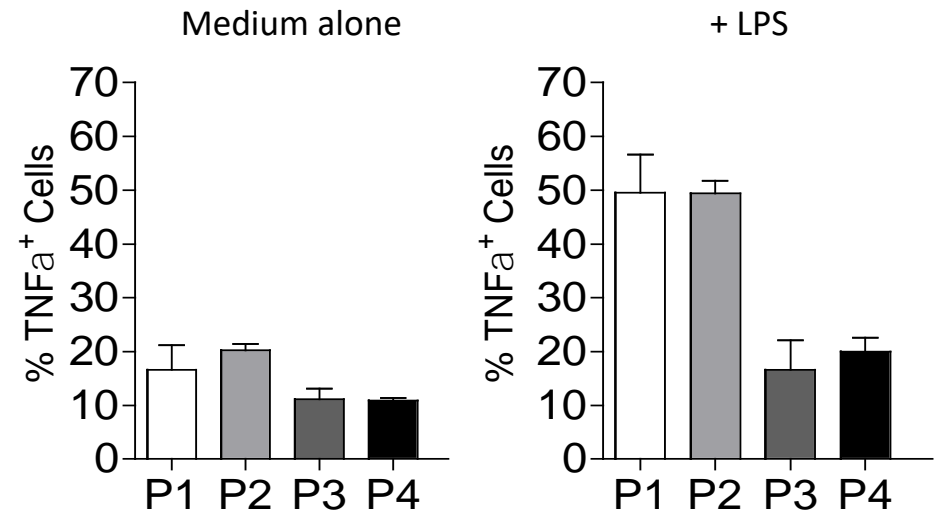
1004 genes change



Monocytes Differentiate into Anti-Inflammatory Macrophages in Intestine



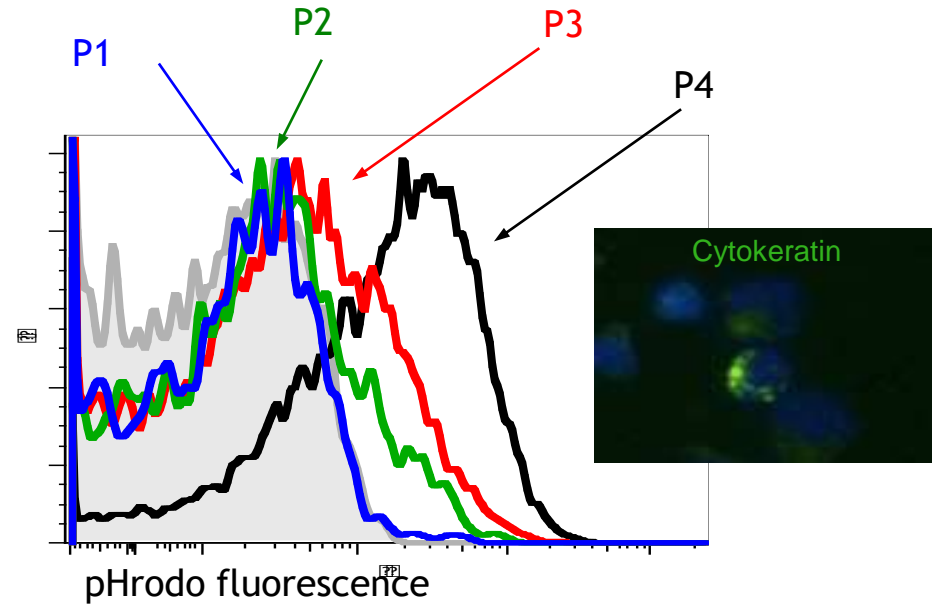
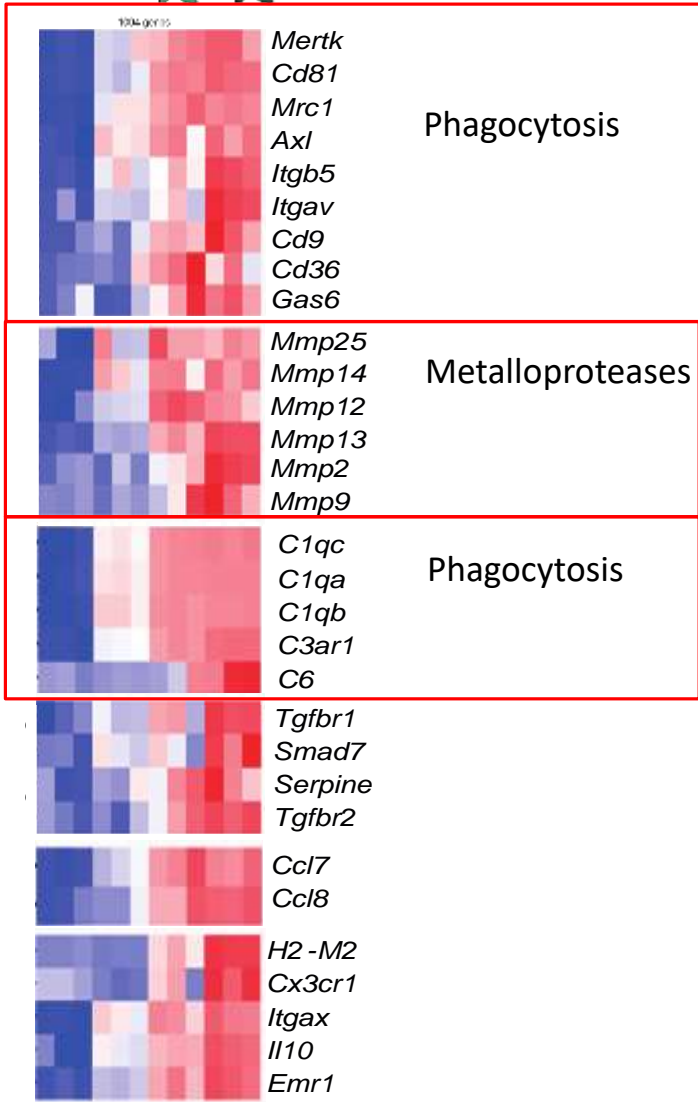
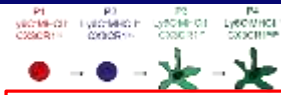
Desensitisation to TLR stimulation



Progressive acquisition of IL10 production and loss of responsiveness to stimulation

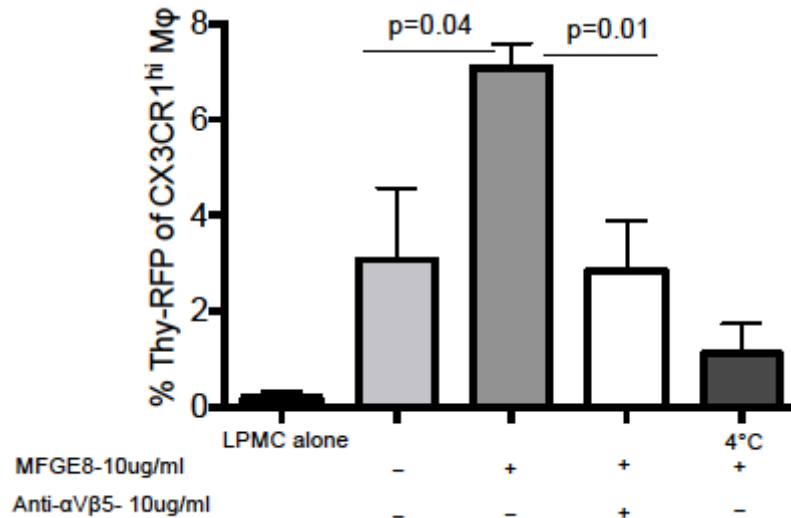
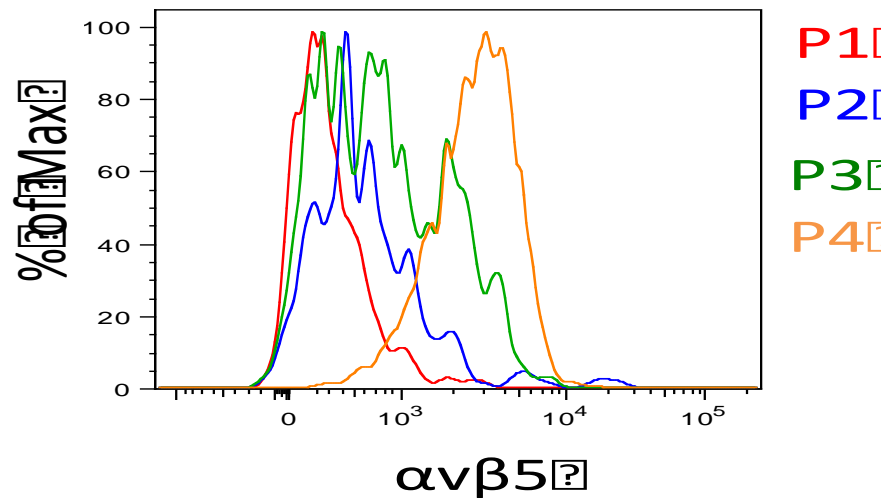
Monocytes Differentiate into Homeostatic Scavengers in Intestine

Bain et al *Mucosal Immunol.* 2013
 Schridde, Bain et al *Mucosal Immunol* 2017



Progressive acquisition of apoptotic cell receptors, phagocytic activity and metalloproteases

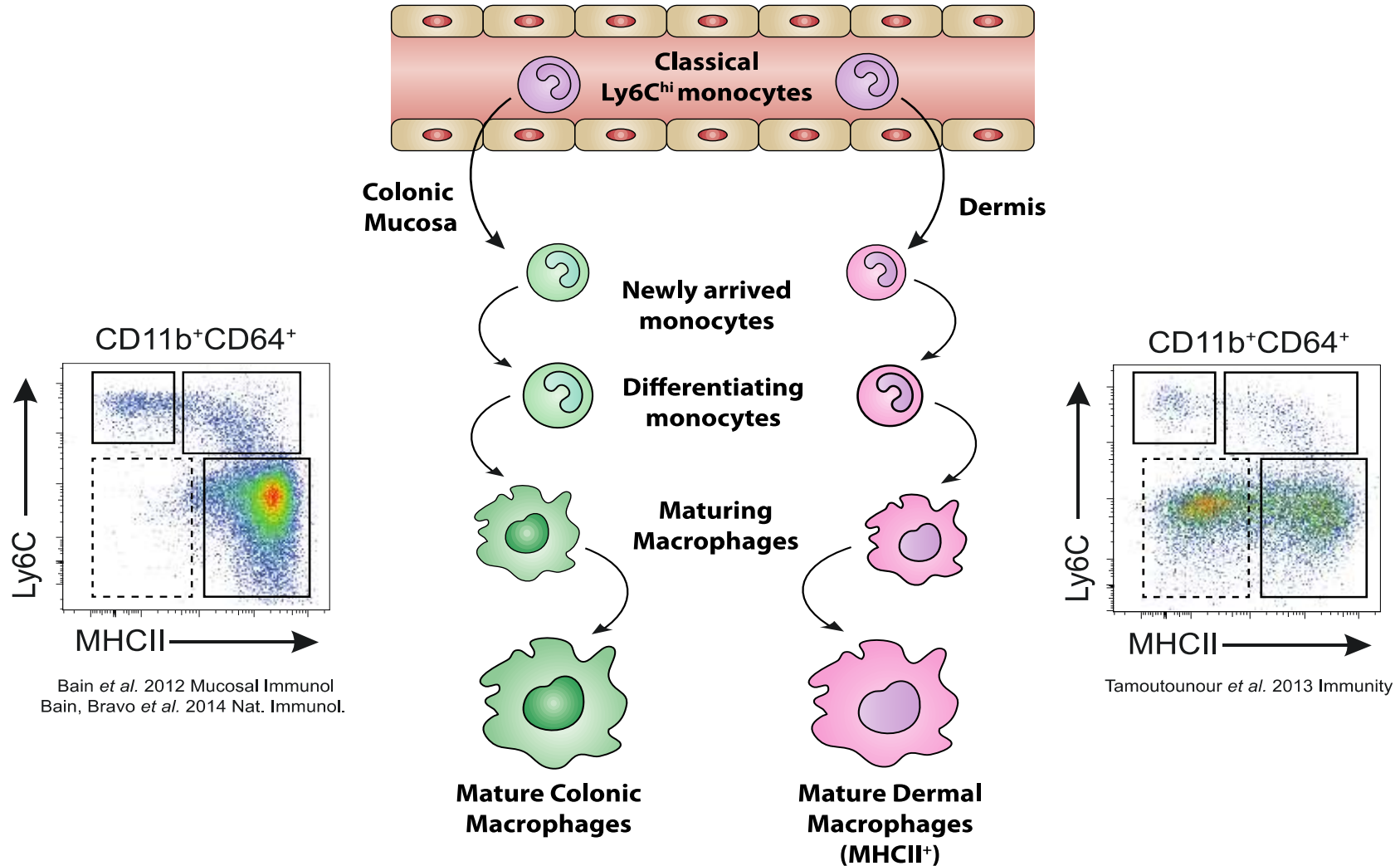
$\alpha_v\beta_5$ Integrin Expression and Function in Intestinal Macrophages



$\alpha_v\beta_5$ integrin and its ligand mediate uptake of apoptotic thymocytes by colonic macrophages

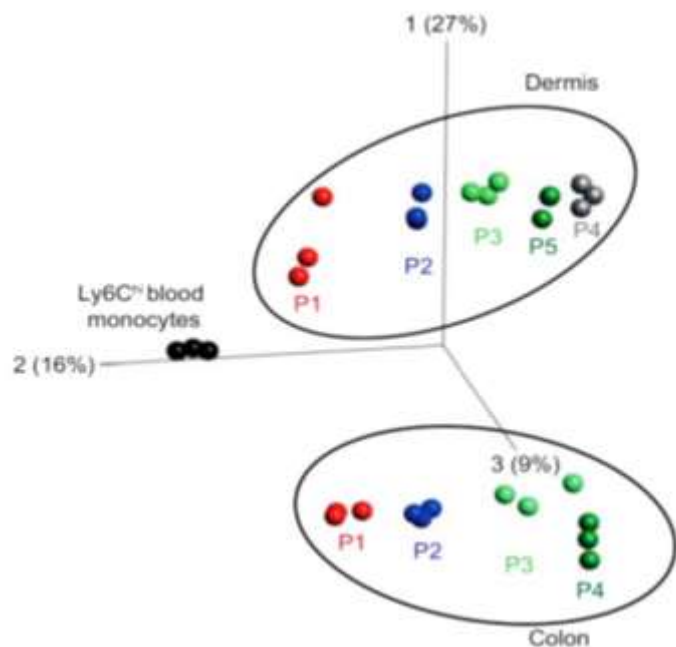
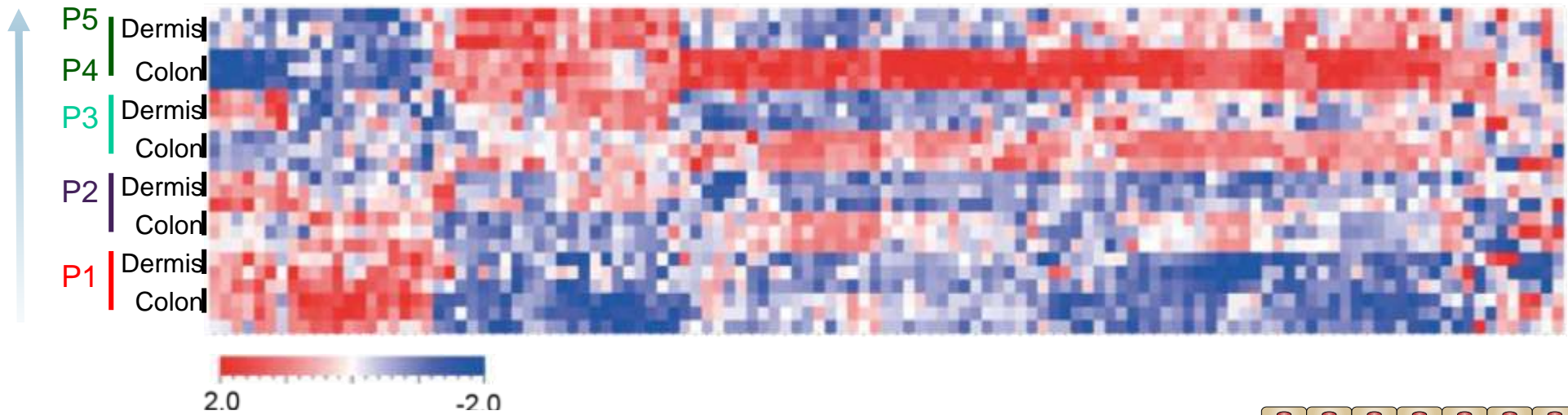
Differentiation of monocytes into resident intestinal macrophages is driven by local environment

Role of Local Environment In Monocyte-Macrophage Differentiation

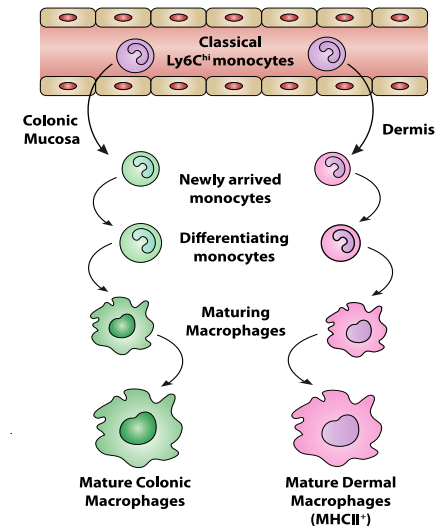


Colon and dermal mφ share monocyte origin

Local Control of Intestinal Macrophage Development

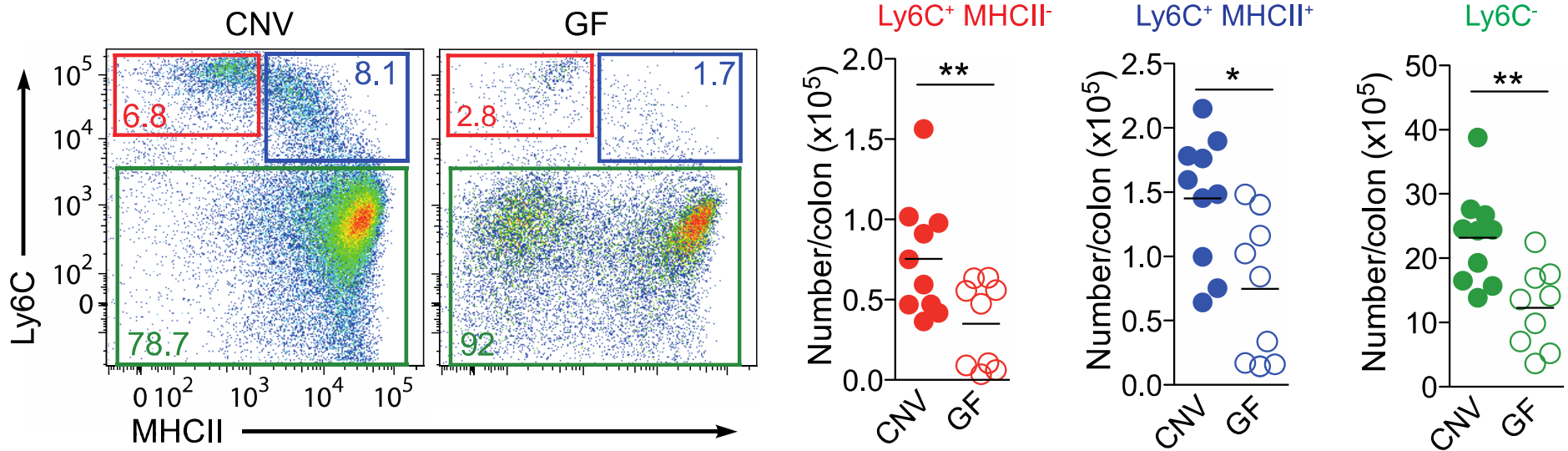


Progressive transcriptional separation between colon and dermal $m\phi$ as they develop from monocytes



What drives local differentiation of monocytes into resident intestinal macrophages?

Intestinal Macrophage Development Requires Microbiota

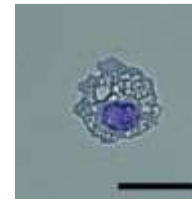


Monocyte and macrophage numbers are reduced in germ free colon – but still present

Intestinal Macrophages in the Neonate

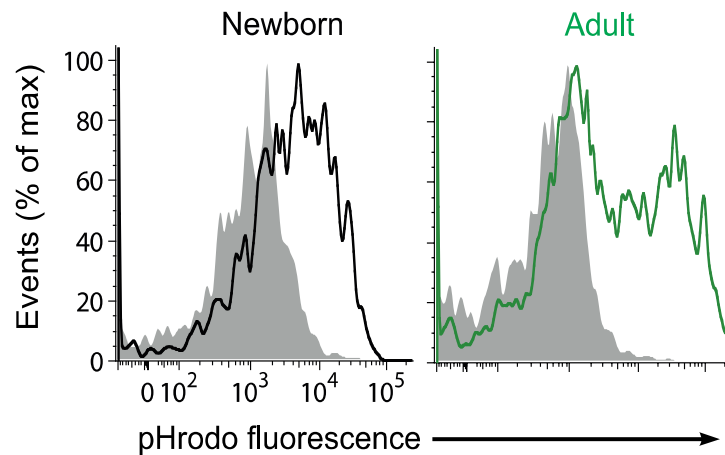


Adult

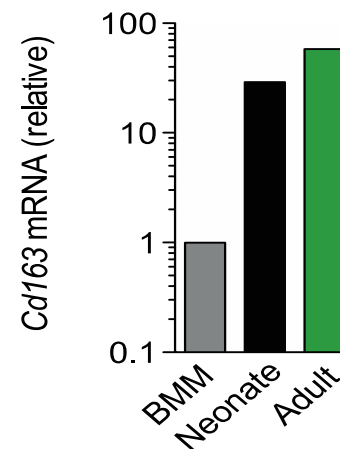


Newborn

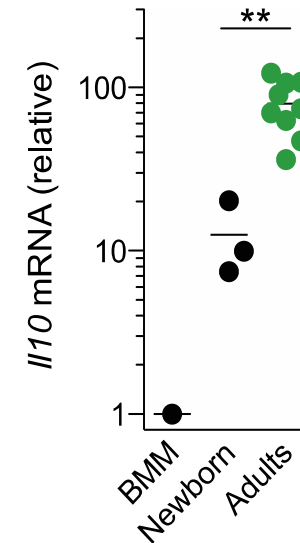
Phagocytic Activity



CD163

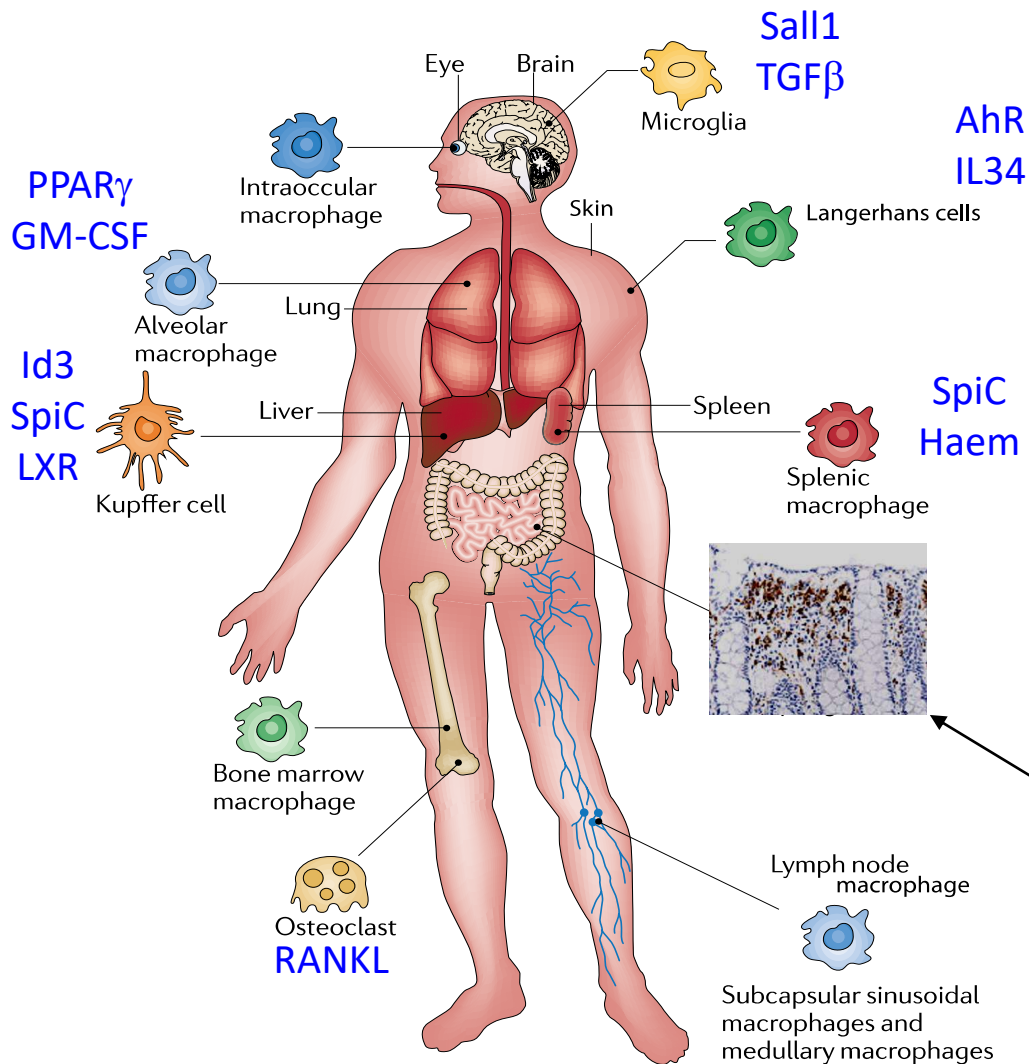


IL10



M ϕ are present in newborn colon – same phenotype and morphology as in adult

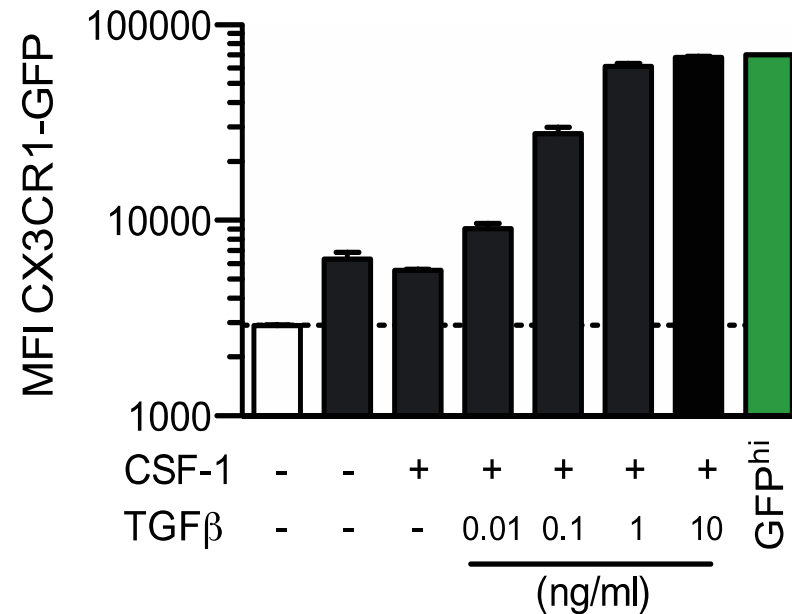
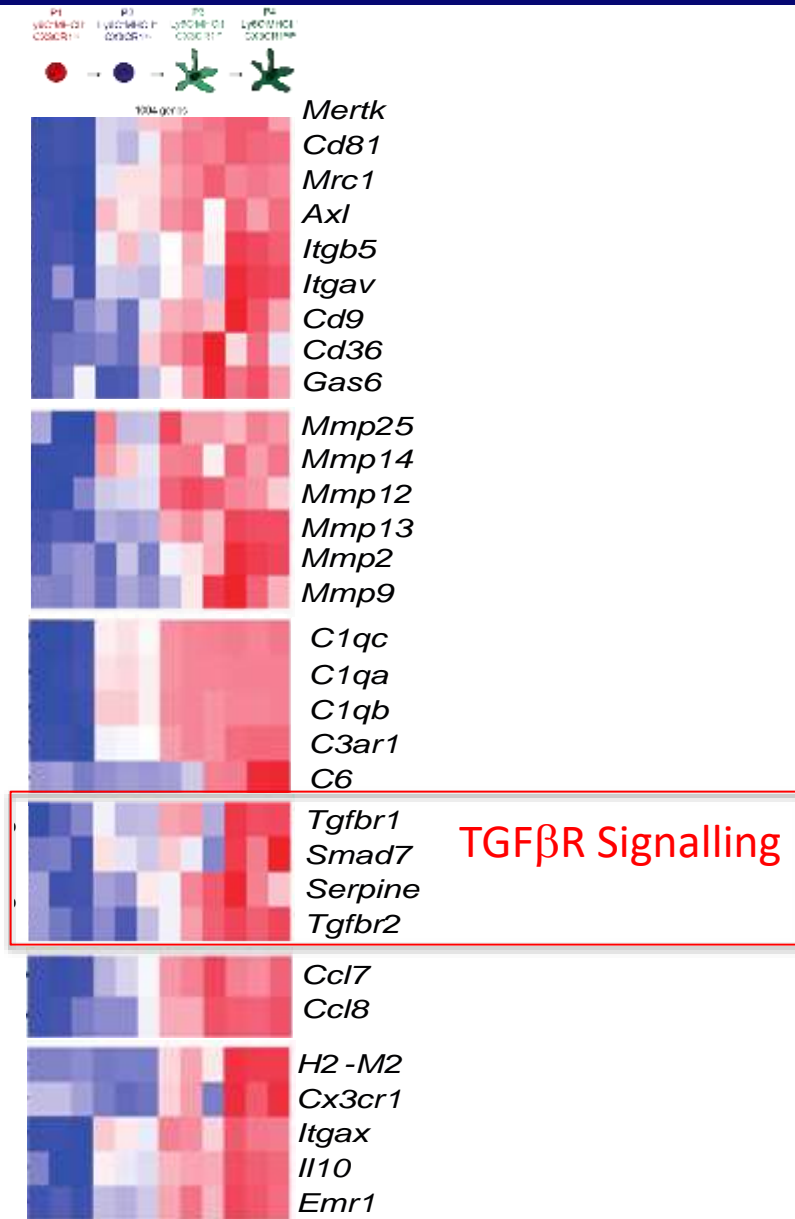
Ontogeny of Tissue Macrophages



- Resident macrophage functions tailored to location
- Tissue rather than origin specifies behaviour
- Reflects specification early in development via TFs, growth factors

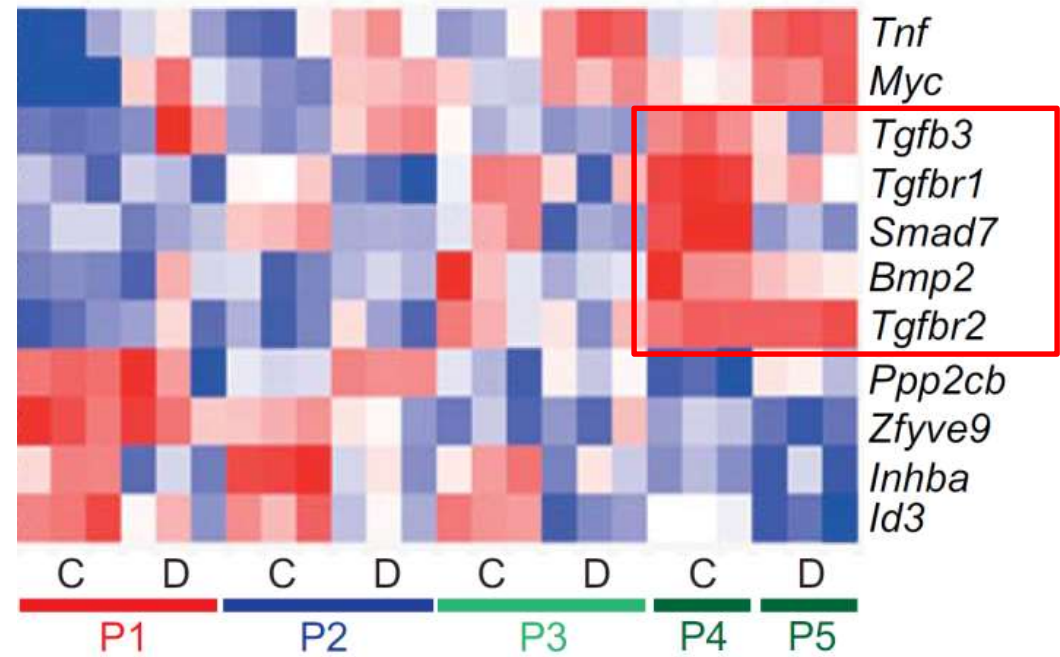
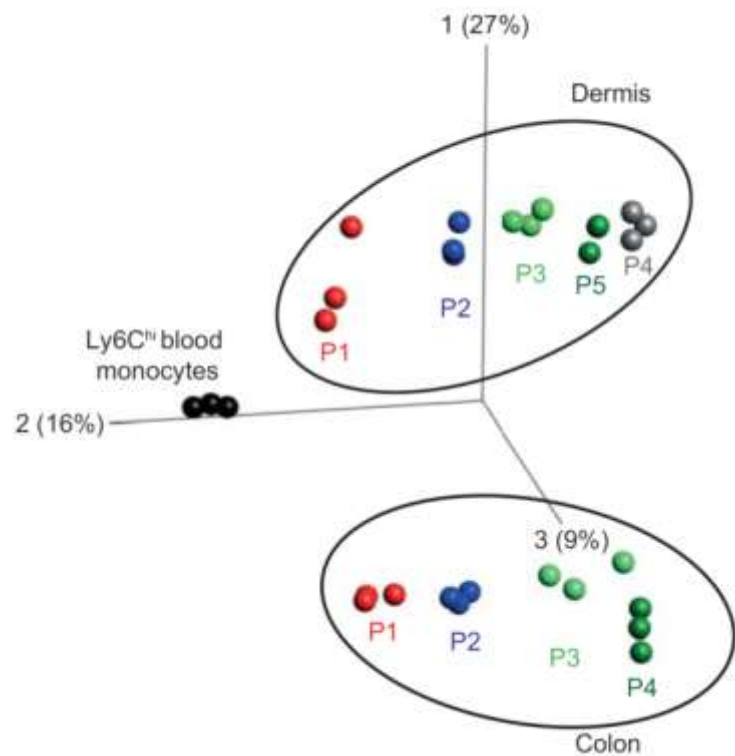
What specifies intestinal macrophage development?

A Role for TGFβ in Intestinal Macrophage Development?

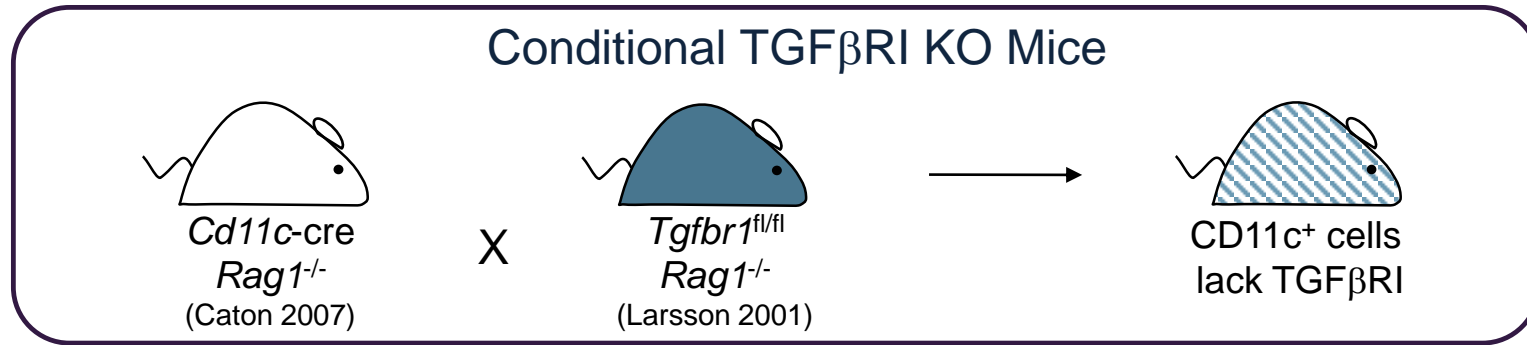


TGFβ induces expression of CX3CR1 on monocytes

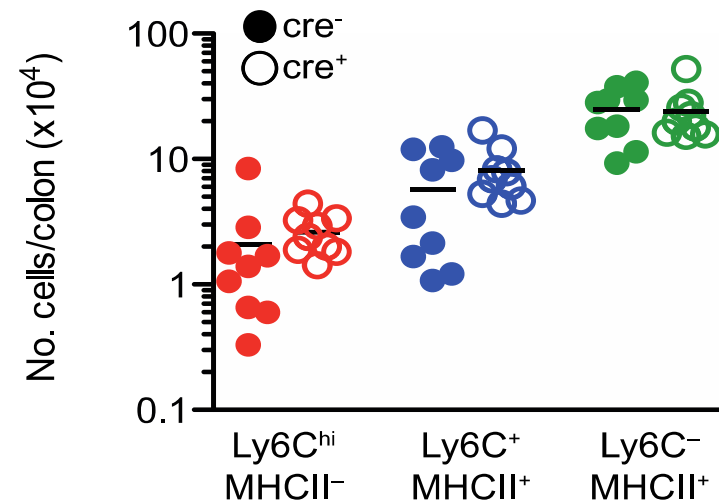
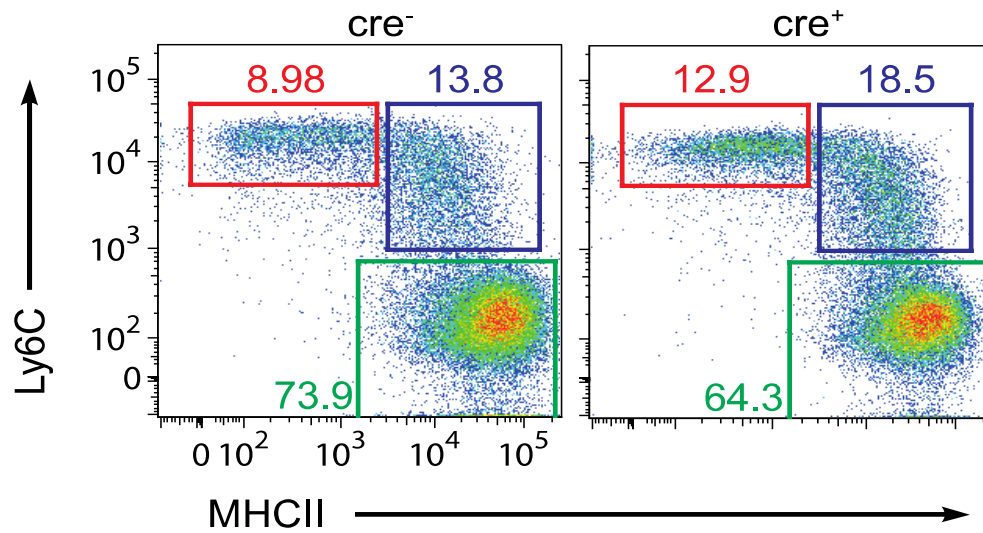
TGFβR Signalling Defines Distinctive Differentiation of Macrophages in Colon and Dermis



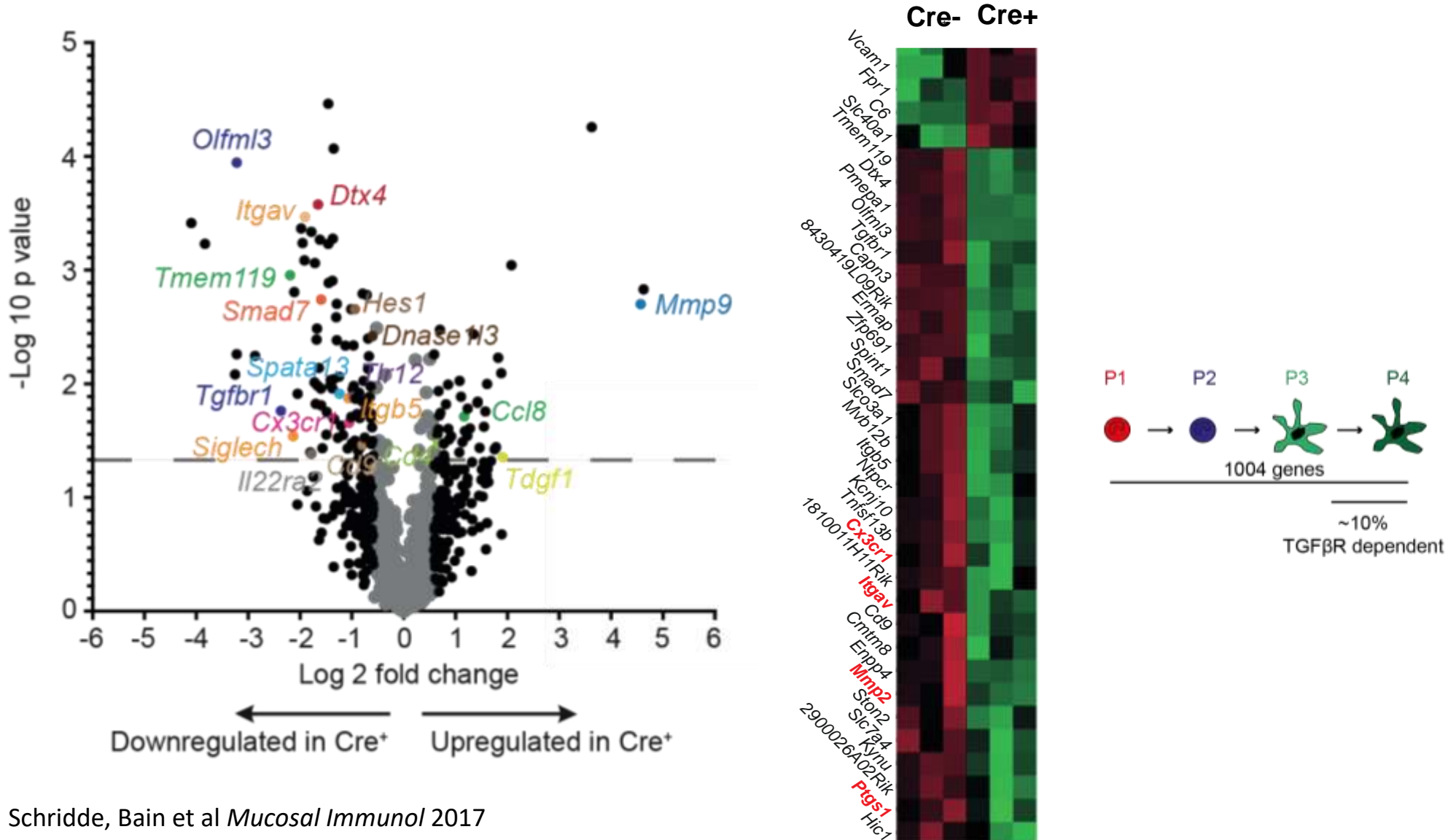
TGF β Does not Drive Monocyte Recruitment to Colon



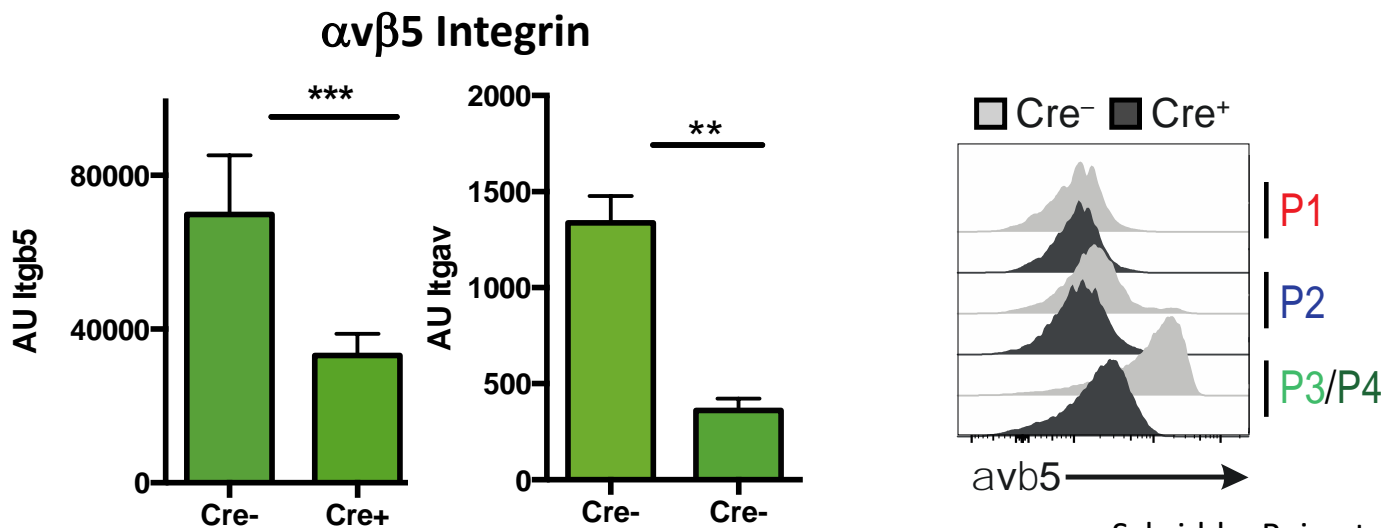
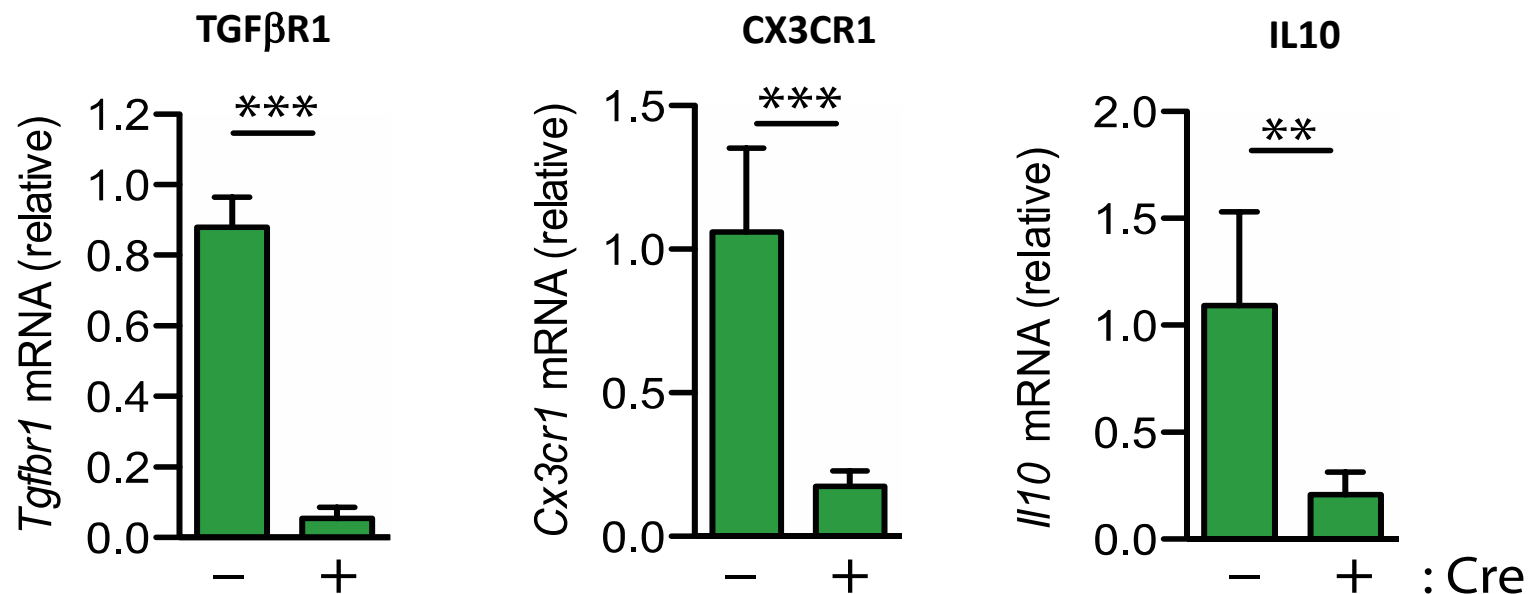
Colonic LP - live CD45⁺ CD11b⁺ CD64⁺



TGFβR Signalling Regulates Colonic Macrophage Differentiation

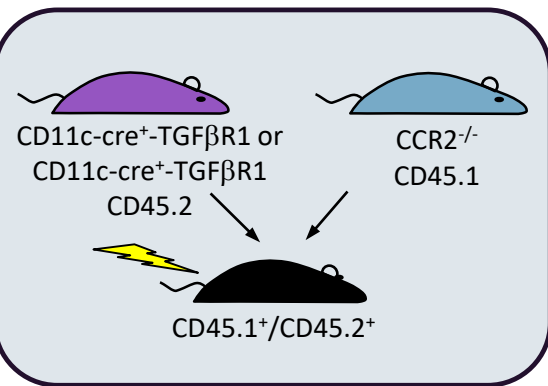


TGFβR Signalling Regulates Colonic Macrophage Differentiation

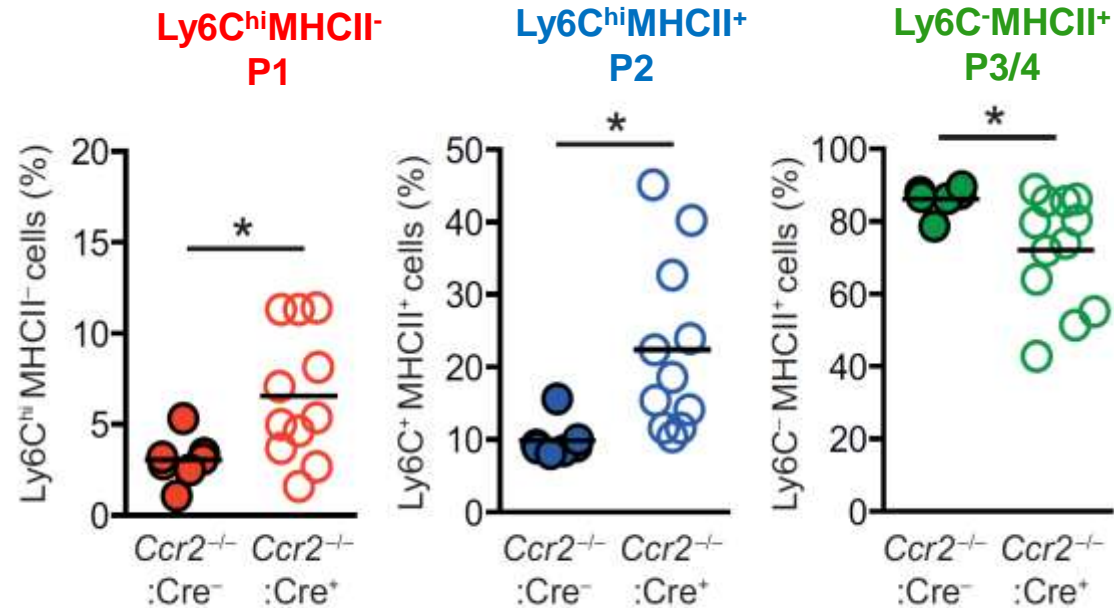


Loss of TGFβR Signalling in Macrophages Disrupts Monocyte Waterfall

Conditional KO of TGFβR on Mφ

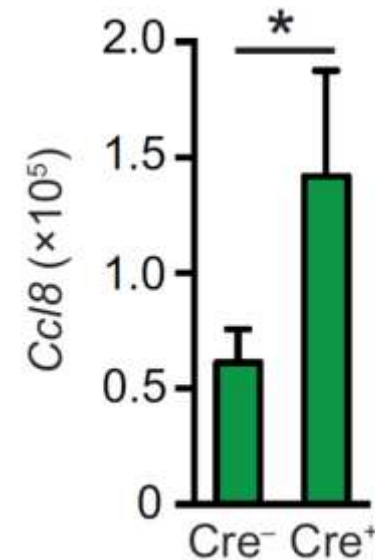
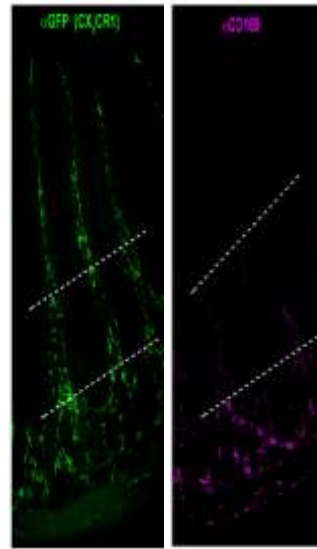
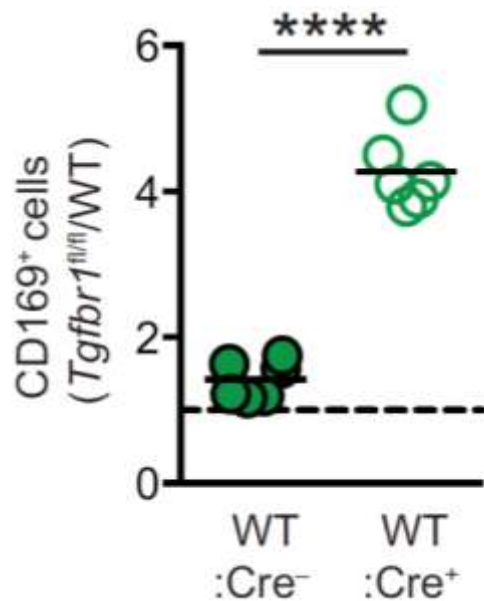


TGFβR^{fl/fl} Derived Populations



Increased numbers of monocytes and pro-inflammatory early stage macrophages

TGF β R Signalling in Macrophages Regulates Intestinal Homeostasis



Increased CD169⁺ macrophages in colon in absence of TGF β R signalling

Increased expression of CCL8 by TGF β R deficient macrophages

ARTICLE

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OPEN

Intestinal CD169⁺ macrophages initiate mucosal inflammation by secreting CCL8 that recruits inflammatory monocytes

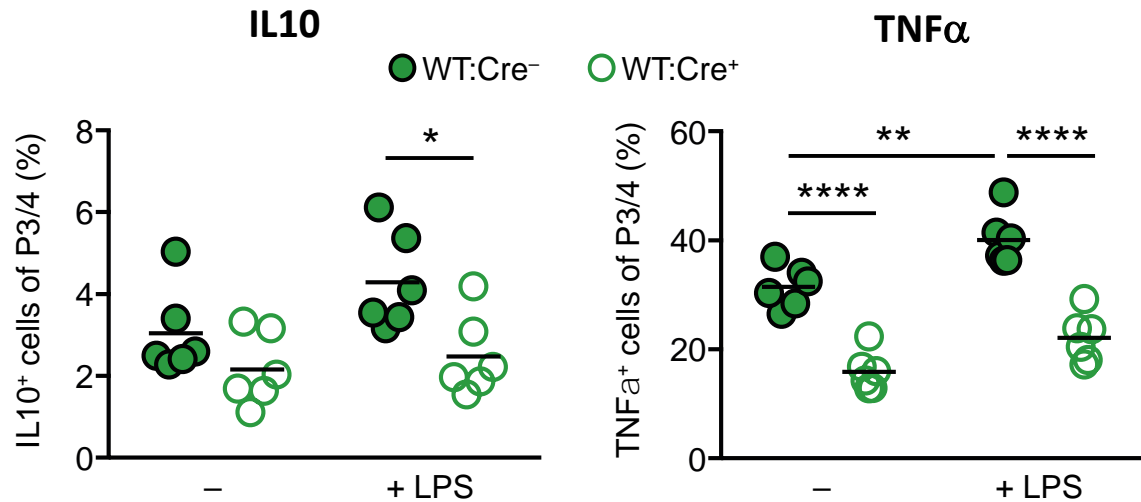
Kenichi Asano^{1,2}, Naomichi Takahashi¹, Mikiko Ushiki¹, Misa Moriya¹, Fumiaki Aihara¹, Erika Kuboki¹, Shigetaka Moriyama¹, Mayumi Iida¹, Hiroshi Kitamura³, Chun-Hong Qiu⁴, Takashi Watanabe⁵ & Masato Tanaka¹

Schridde, Bain et al *Mucosal Immunol* 2017

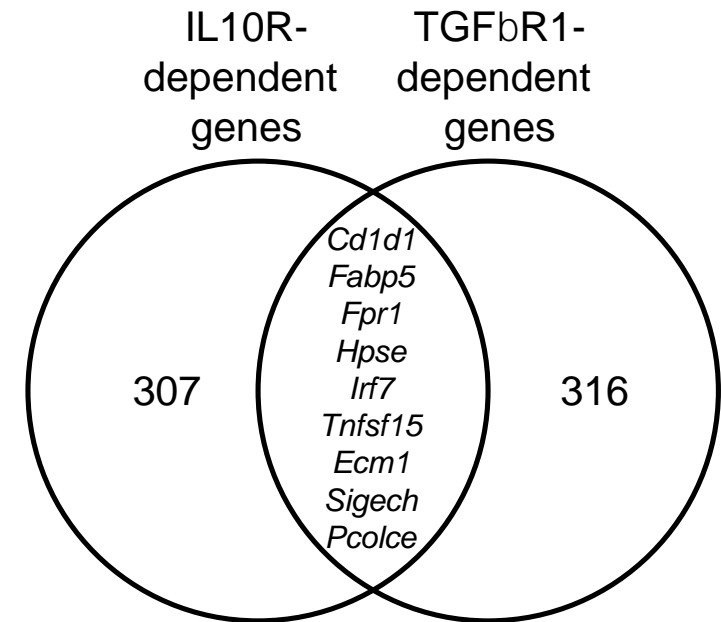
TGFβ and IL10 Signalling Regulate Intestinal Macrophages by Distinct Pathways

Macrophage-Restricted Interleukin-10 Receptor Deficiency, but Not IL-10 Deficiency, Causes Severe Spontaneous Colitis

Ehud Zigmund,^{1,2} Diana Ben-Shoshan,¹ Gali Friedlander,¹ Catherine R. Walker,¹ Simon Yoon,¹ Ji-Wook Kim,¹ Ori Brenner,¹ Rita Knudtgaard,¹ Chen Karol,¹ Werner Müller,¹ and Stefan Jung^{1,3}
¹Department of Immunology, Weizmann Institute of Science, Rehovot 76100, Israel
²The Research Center for Digestive Tract and Liver Diseases, Tel Aviv-Sourasky Medical Center and Sackler Faculty of Medicine, Tel-Aviv University, Tel-Aviv 61020, Israel
³Nancy and Stephen Grand Israel National Centre for Personalized Medicine, Weizmann Institute of Science, Rehovot 76100, Israel
⁴Faculty of Life Sciences, University of Manchester, Manchester M13 9PL, UK
⁵Department of Veterinary Respiration, Wellcome Institute of Science, Rehovot 76100, Israel
 Correspondence: s.jung@weizmann.ac.il
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.immuni.2014.03.012>

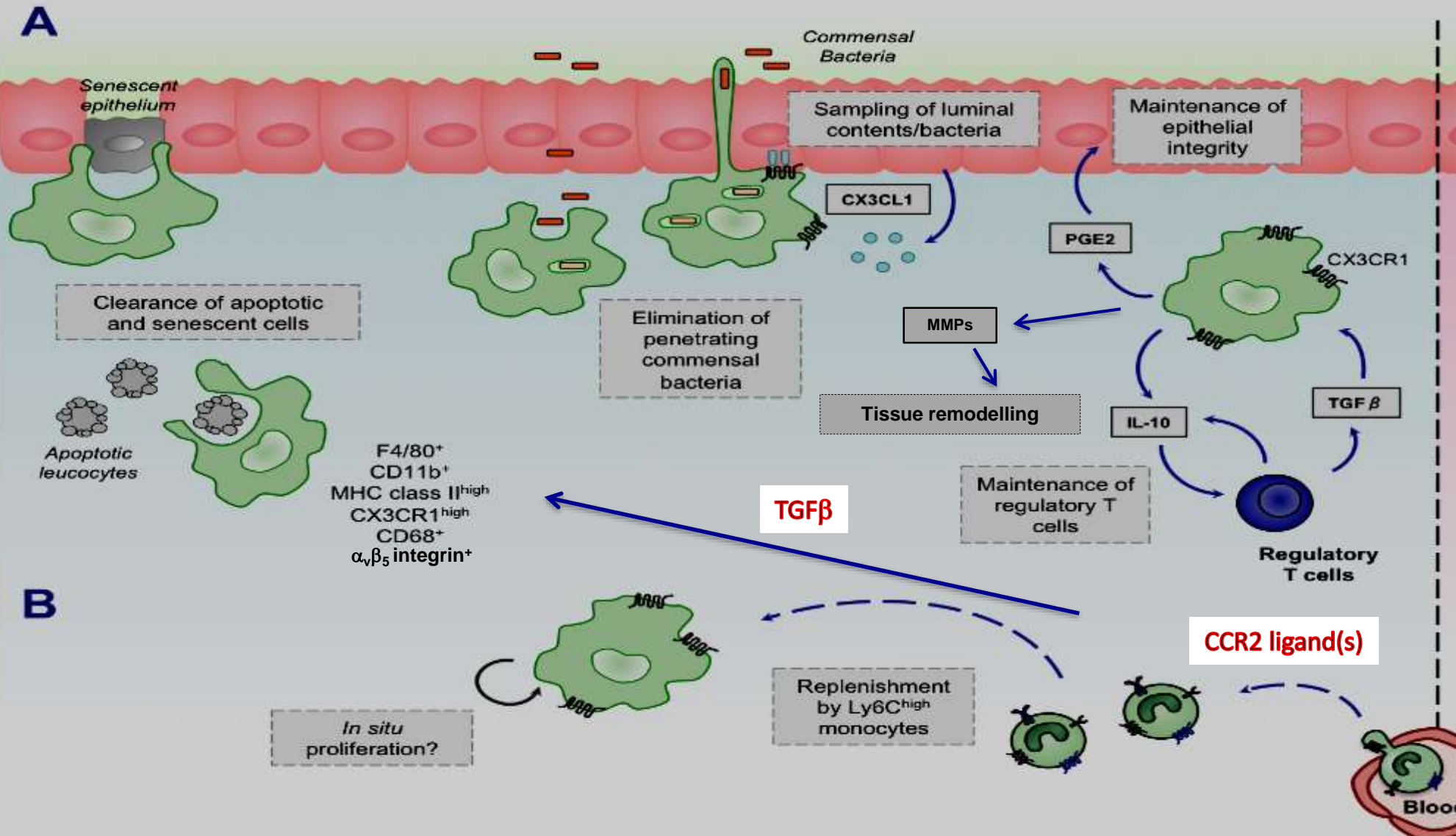


Reduced production of IL10 and TNFα by colon mφ in mice lacking TGFβR signalling, but no increased responsiveness to LPS



Little overlap in effect of deleting IL10R and TGFβR in colon macrophages

Development and Functions of Intestinal Macrophages





University of Glasgow | Institute of Infection, Immunity & Inflammation



University of Glasgow

Charlotte Scott

Tamsin Zangerle Murray

King's College London

Elisa Gomez Perdiguero

Frederic Geissmann

CIML, Luminy

Bernard Malissen

Martin Guilliams

Sandrine Henri

Hugues Lelouard

University of Pennsylvania

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Oliver Pabst

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Mathilde Girard-Madoux

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MRC

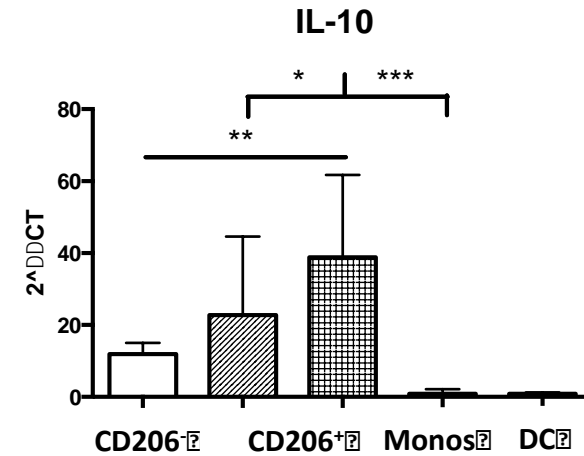
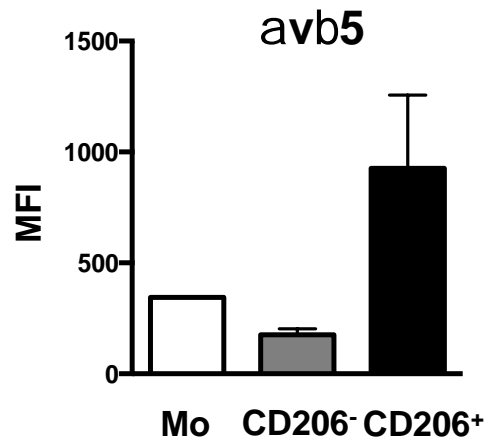
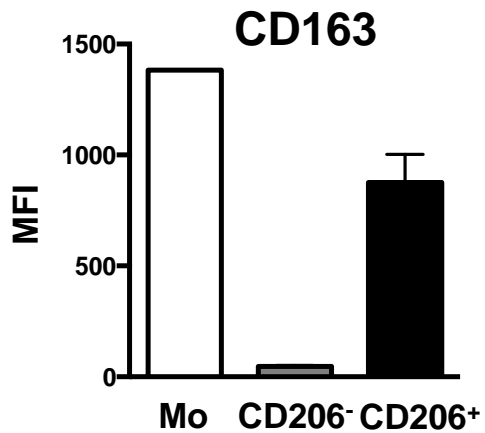
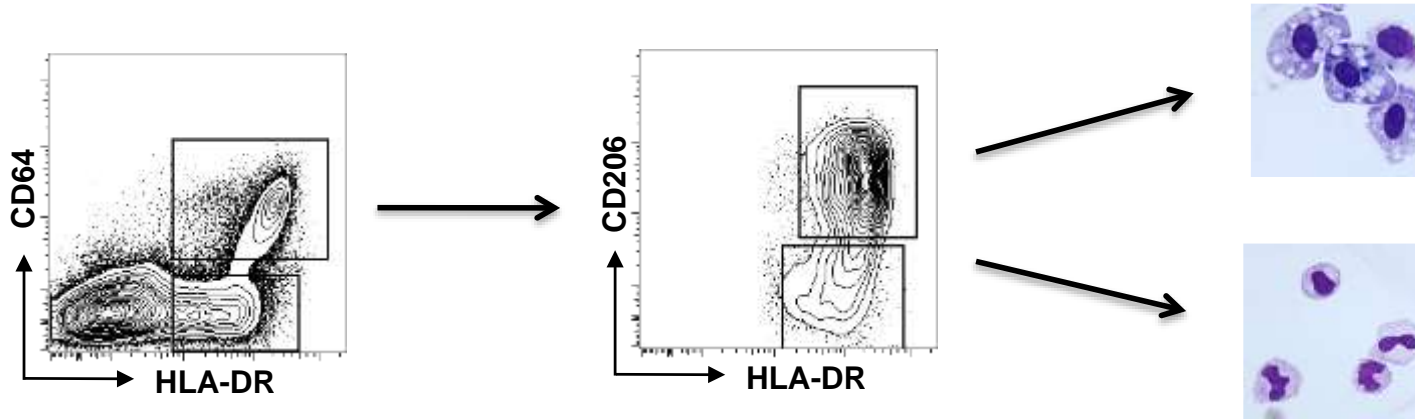
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Research
Council

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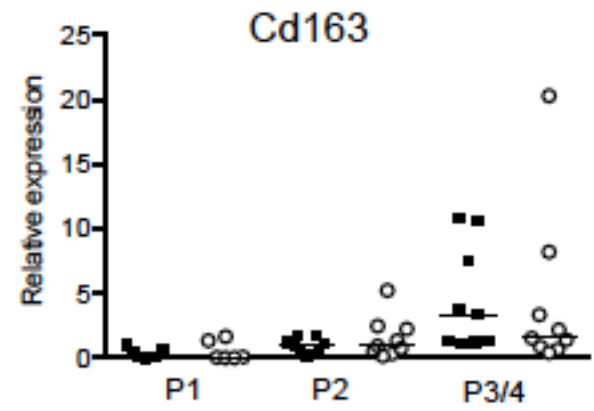
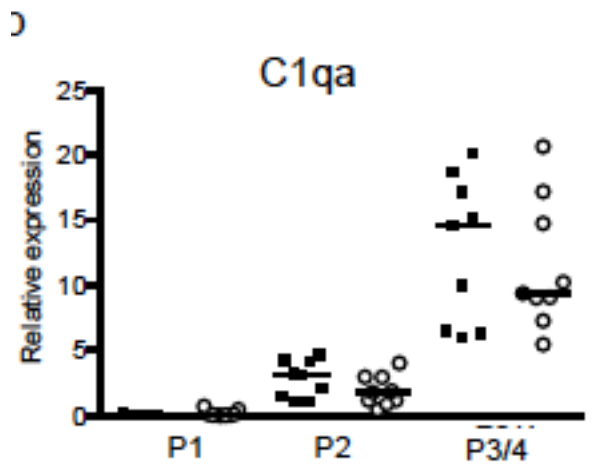
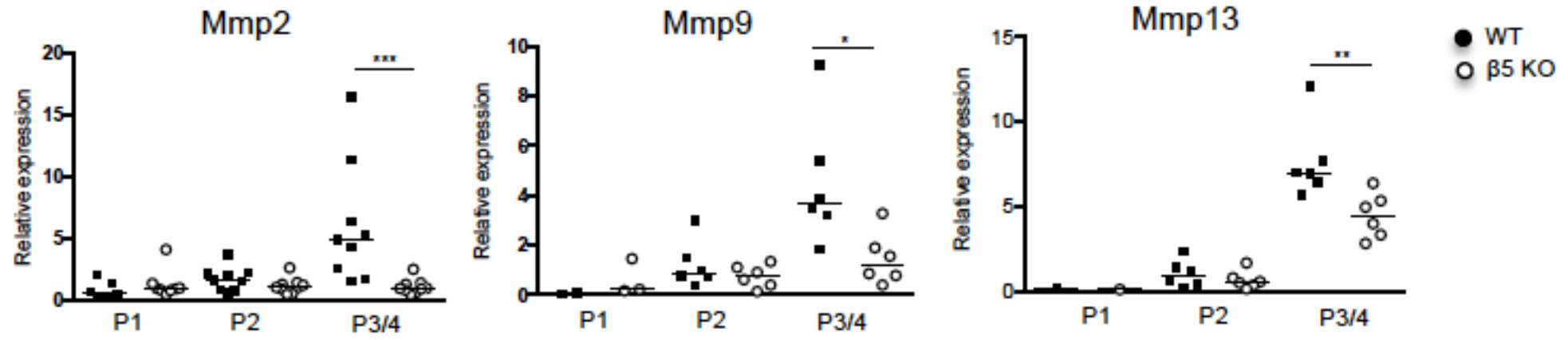
Human Colonic Macrophages

Pamela Wright, Simon Milling



Macrophages from normal human colon show phenotypic and functional heterogeneity

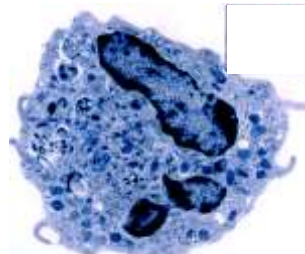
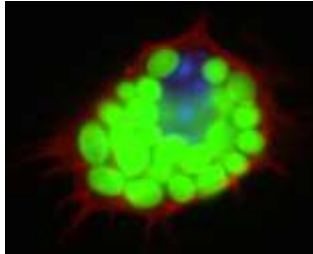
Regulation of Intestinal Macrophages by $\alpha_v\beta_5$ Integrin



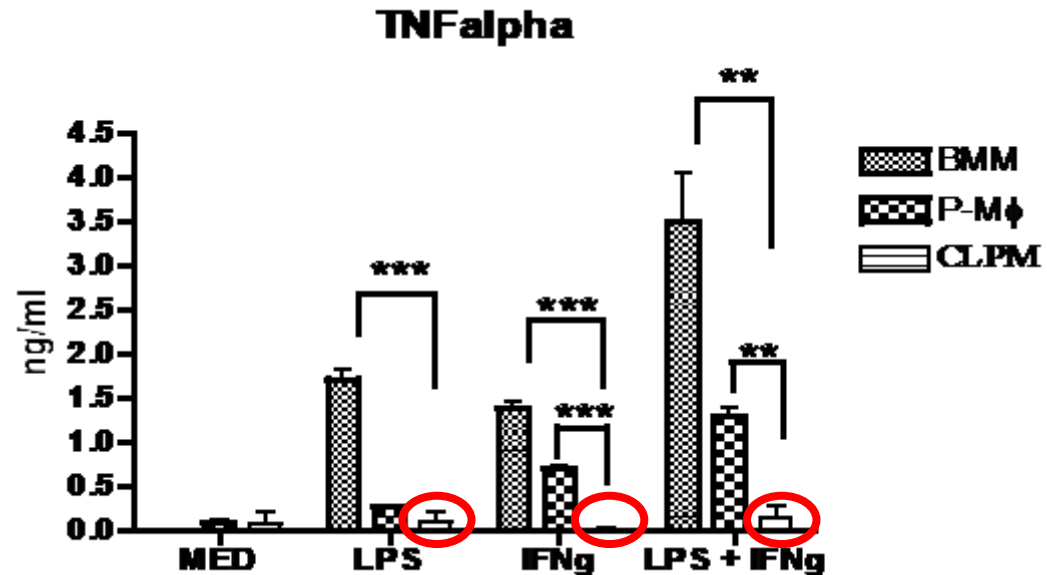
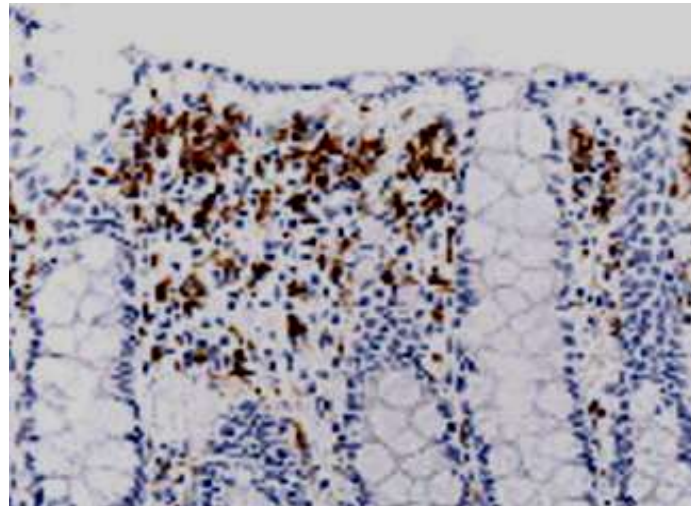
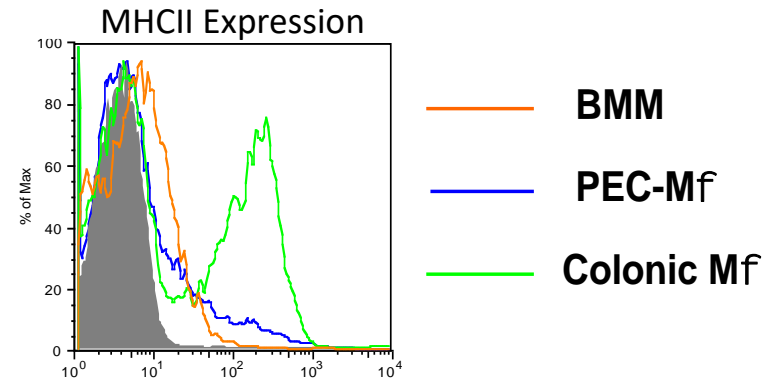
Steady State Intestinal Macrophages

- Resting m ϕ partially activated - constitutive production of TNF α balanced by IL10
- Embryonically derived, self renewing m ϕ are present early in life, but are overwhelmed at weaning by arrival of classical monocytes
- Continuous replenishment by CCR2 and microbiota dependent monocytes required throughout adult life – $t_{1/2} \sim 6-8$ weeks?
- Monocytes differentiate *in situ* into anti-inflammatory scavenger m ϕ – TGF β dependent
- Transcriptionally unique - partial activation may allow homeostatic functions
 - Clearance of apoptotic epithelial cells
 - Production of epithelial trophic factors
 - Tissue remodelling
 - Clearance of invading commensals
 - IL10 dependent maintenance of Treg

Intestinal Macrophages



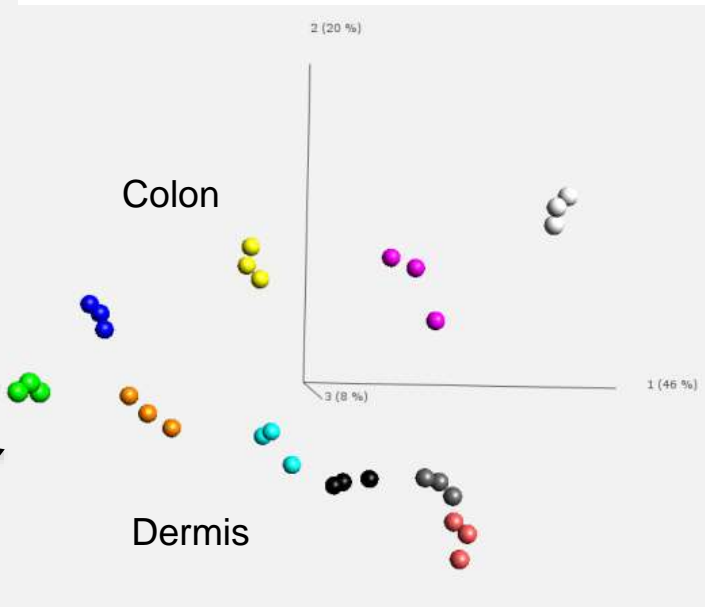
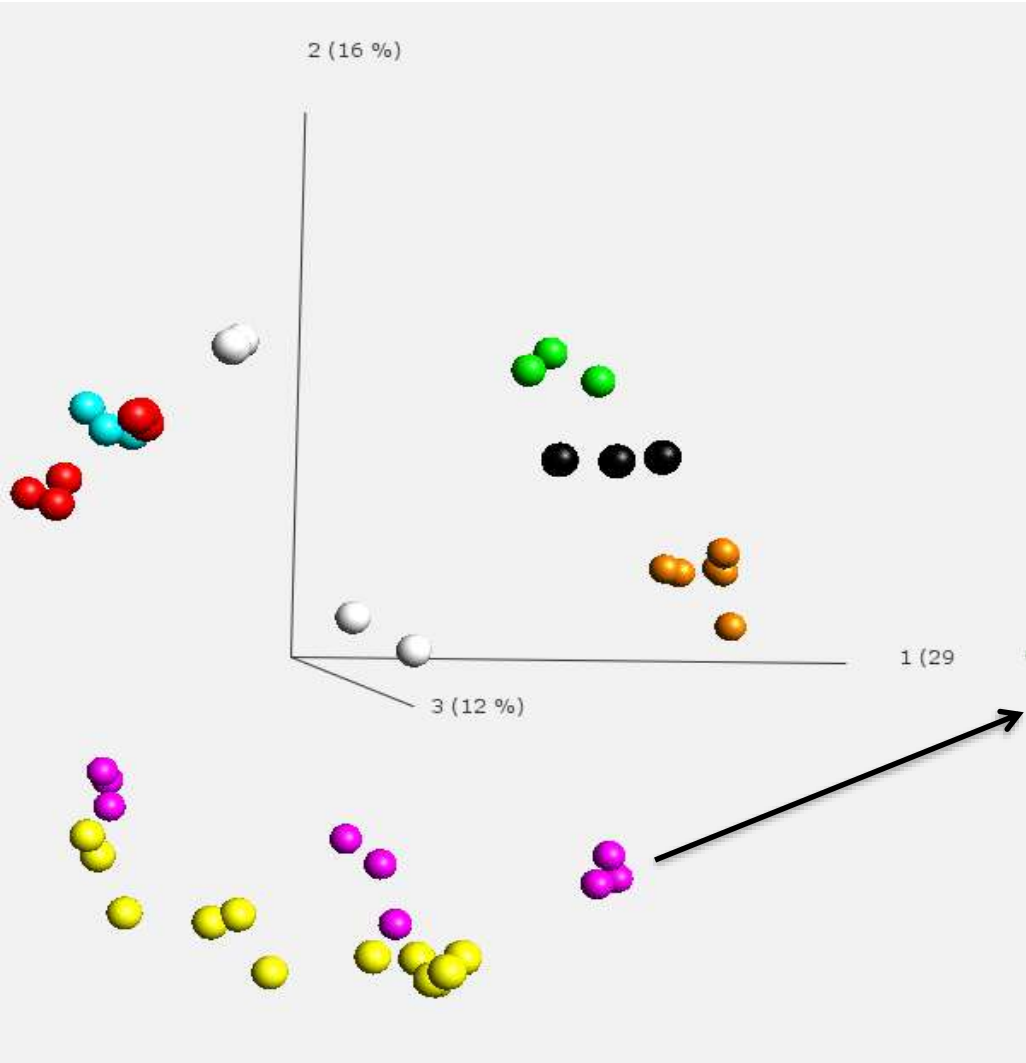
Smith et al J Immun 161: 2651 (2001)



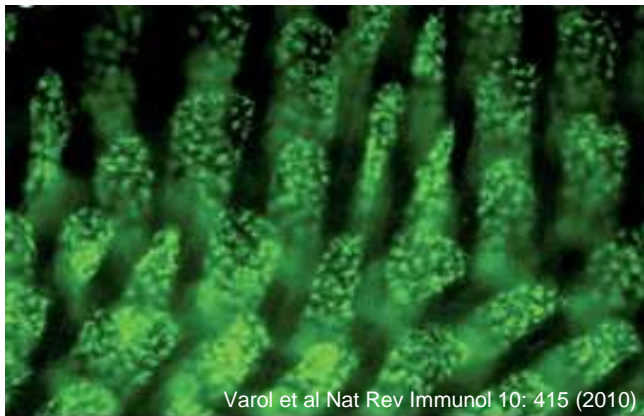
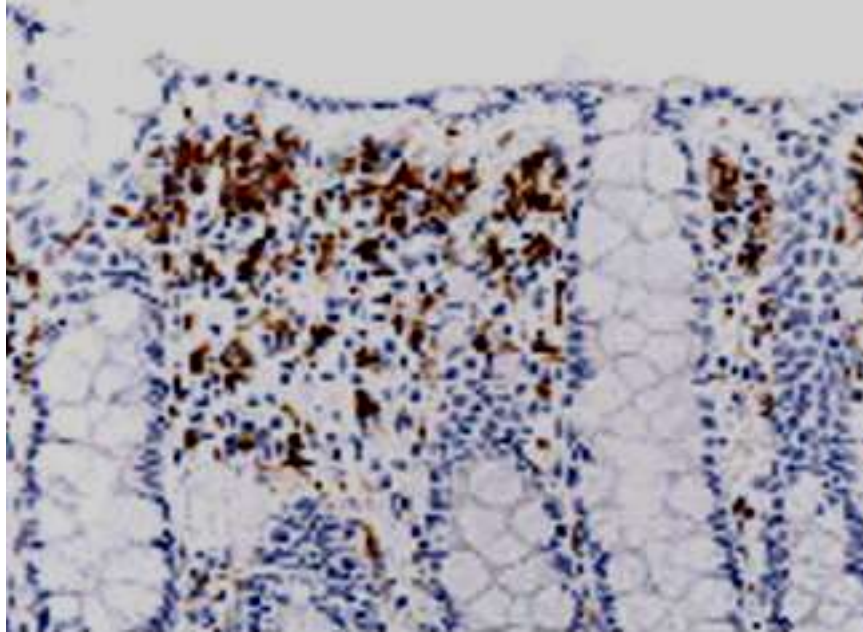
Active appearance, but unresponsive to conventional stimuli

Relationships of Colonic Macrophages

- Blood
- Bone Marrow
- Brain
- Colon
- Dermis
- Lung
- Peritoneum
- Small Intestine
- Spleen



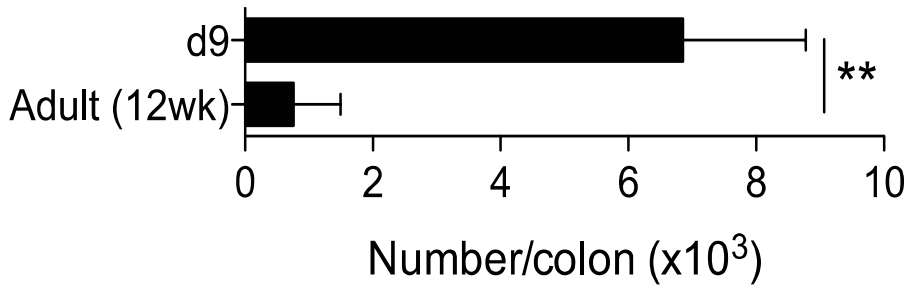
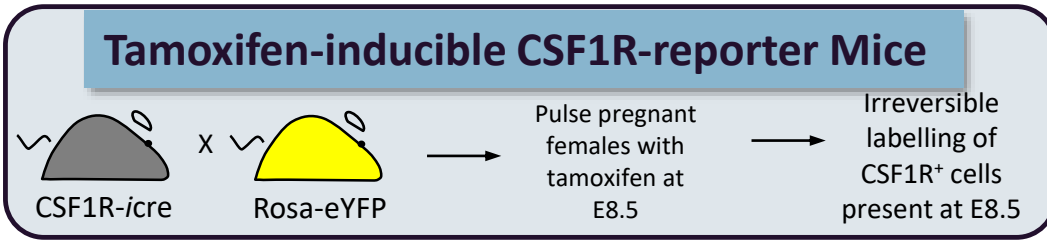
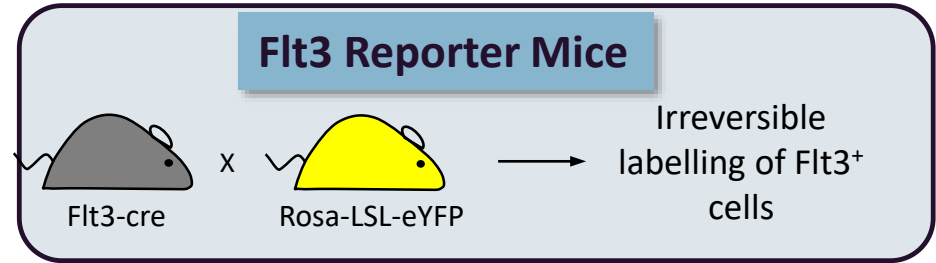
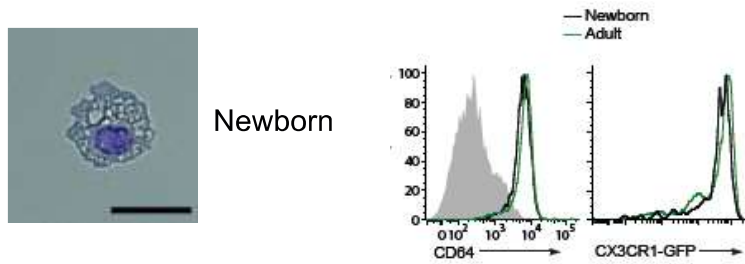
Intestinal Macrophages



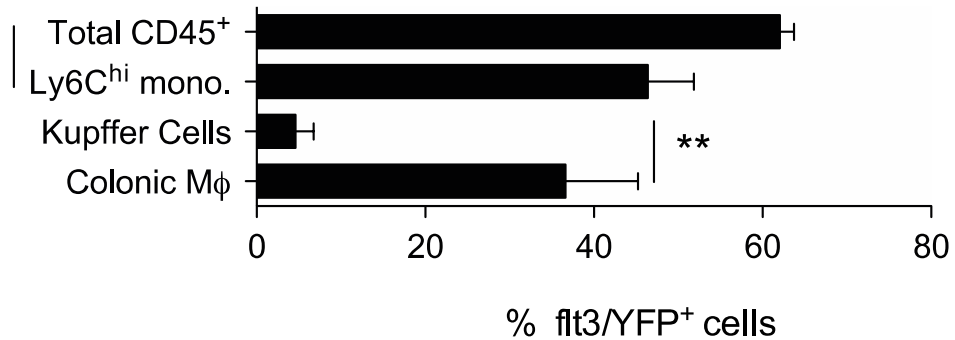
Varol et al Nat Rev Immunol 10: 415 (2010)

- Enormous pool of macrophages in normal mucosa
- In close contact with bacteria
- Highly dynamic tissue – constant cell renewal and remodelling
- Appear activated
- Also major effectors of inflammation
- Often assumed distinct $m\phi$ pools involved in health and inflammation
- What is nature of precursors?
- $M\phi$ functions in steady state?

Intestinal Mφ are Derived from Conventional Haematopoiesis

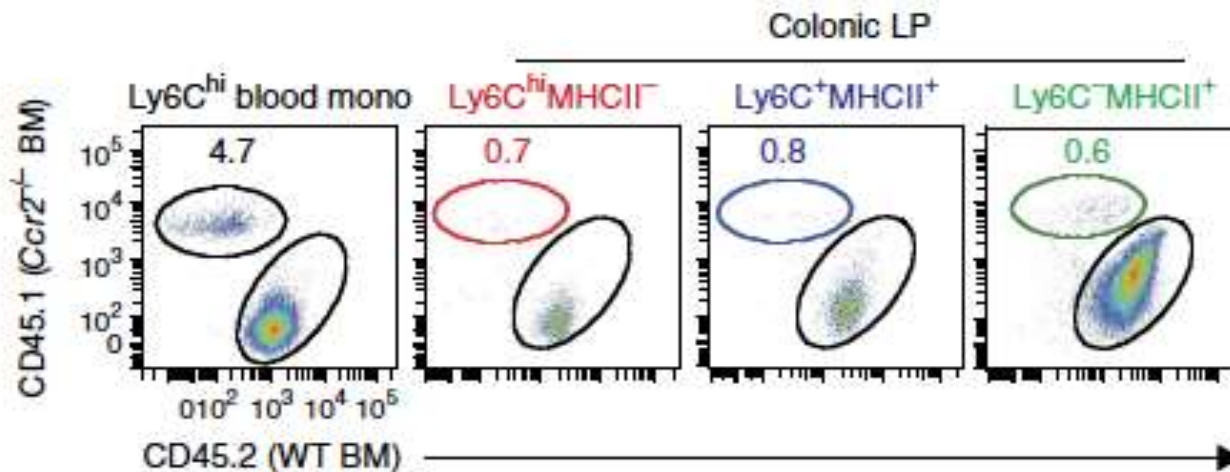
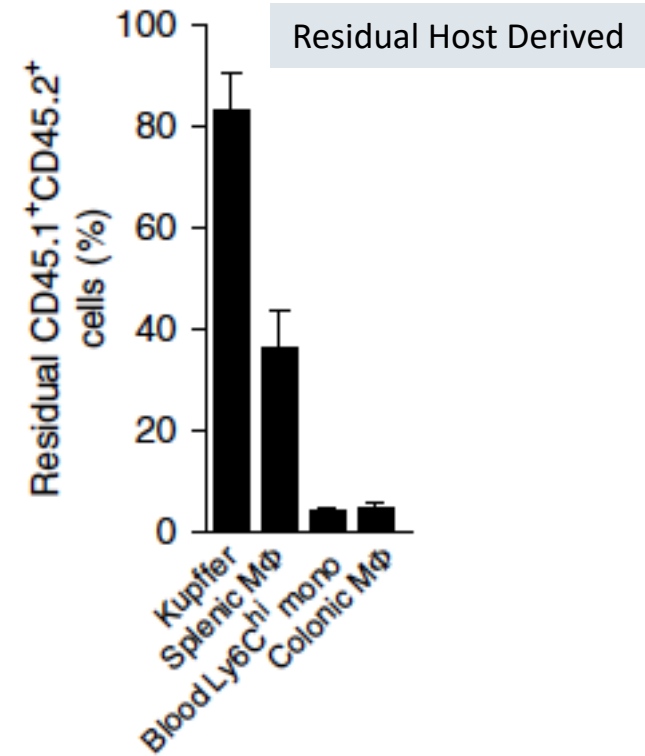
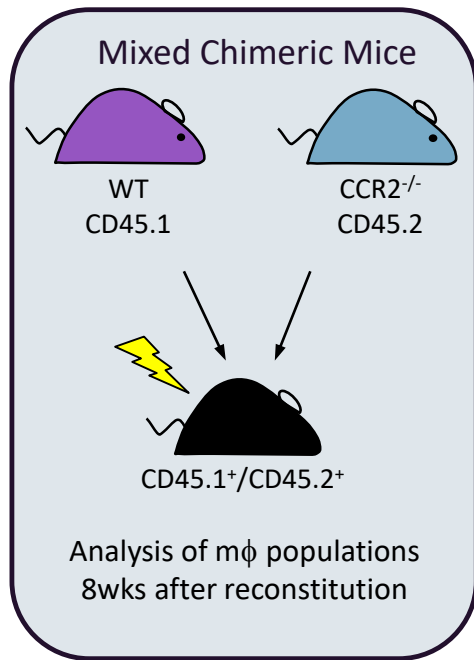


Yolk sac derived mφ present in newborn intestine, but do not persist into adulthood



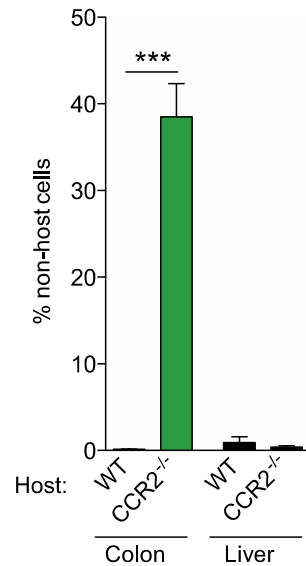
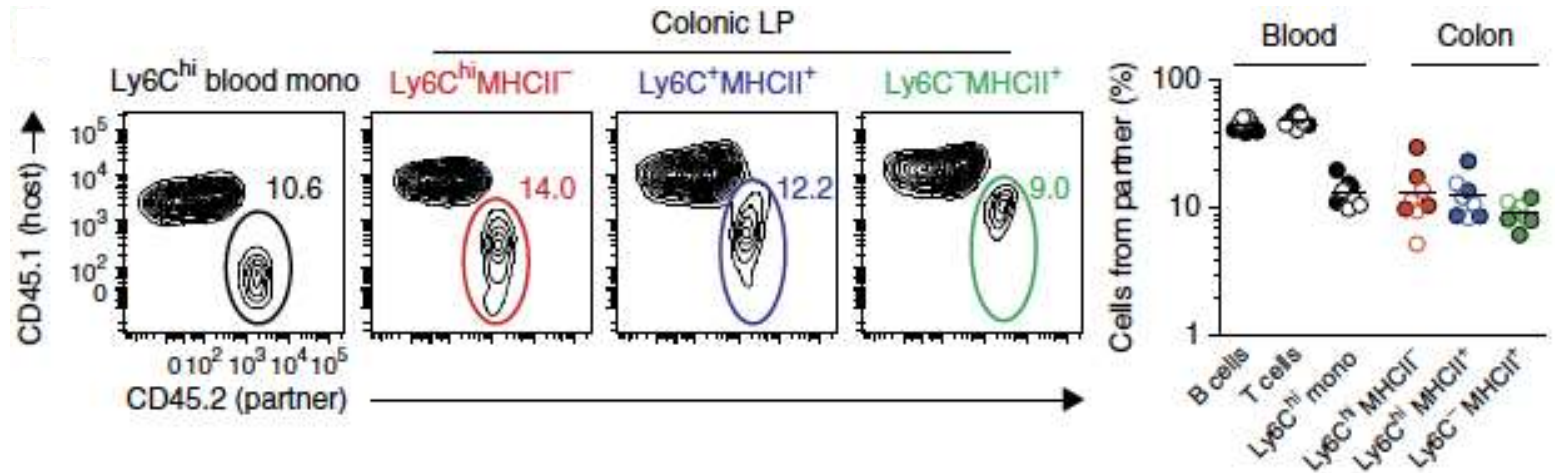
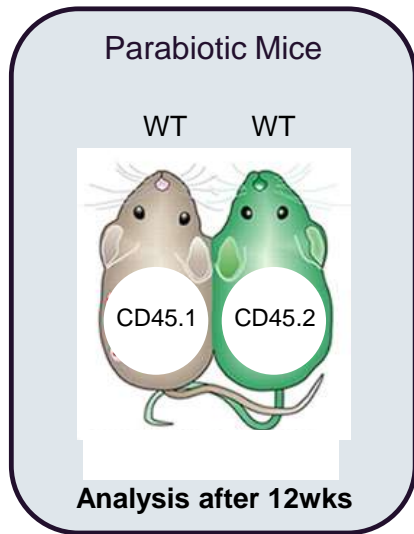
Intestinal mφ derive from flt3 expressing haematopoietic precursors

CCR2 Dependence of Steady State Intestinal Mφ



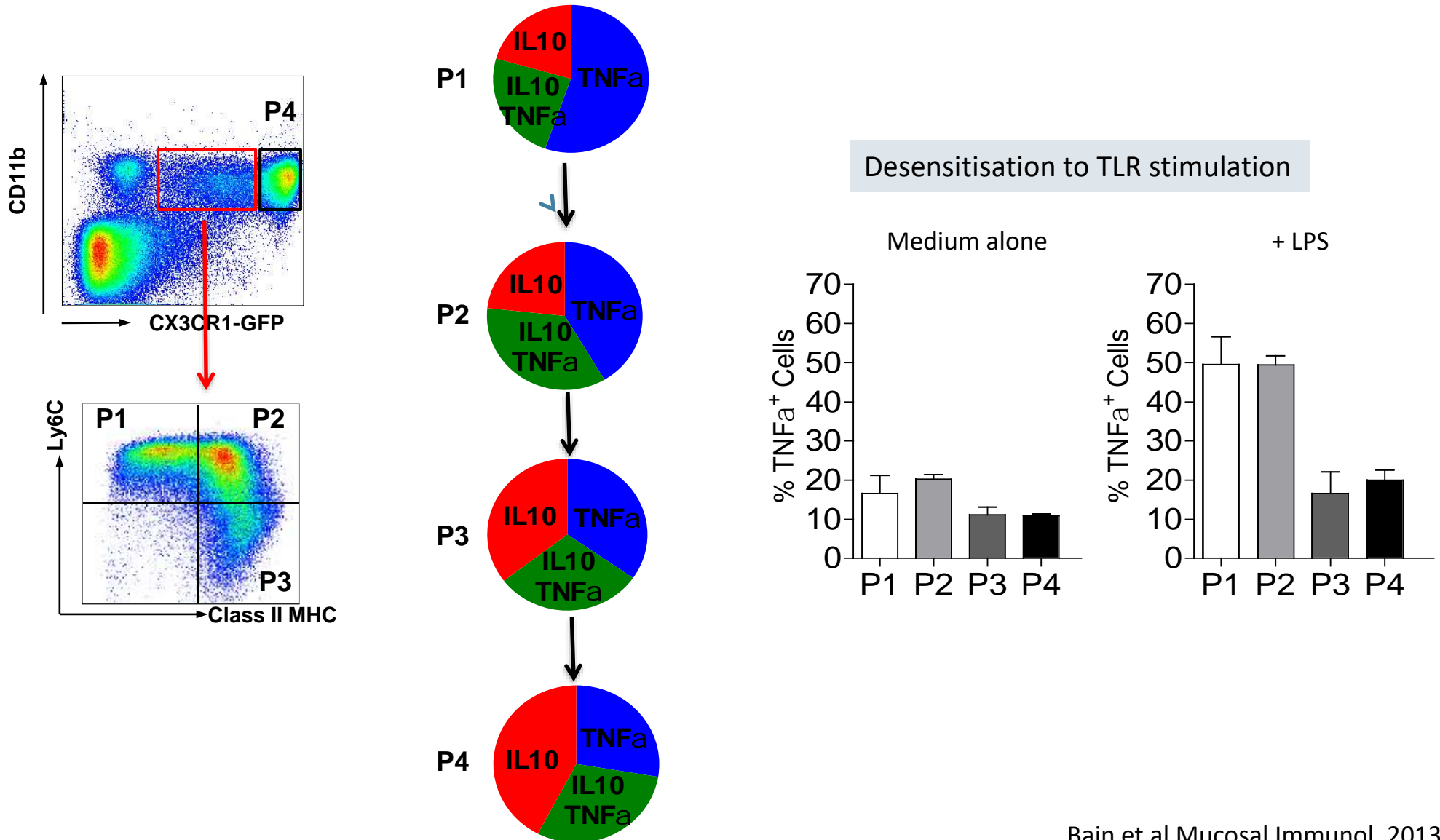
Colonic mφ are not radio-resistant and replenishment from BM is CCR2 dependent

Intestinal Mφ in Parabiotic Mice

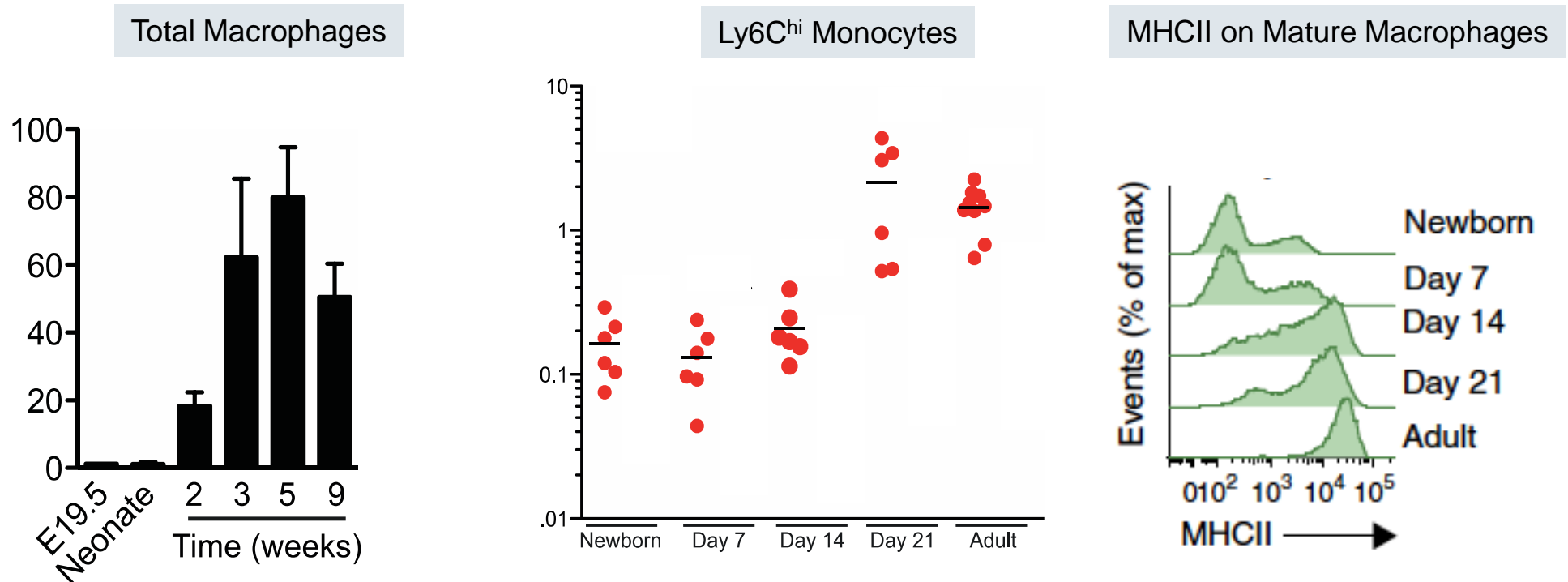


Colon mφ are replaced to same extent as blood Ly6C^{hi} monocytes – CCR2 dependent and unlike Kupffer cells

Monocytes Differentiate into Anti-Inflammatory Macrophages in Intestine



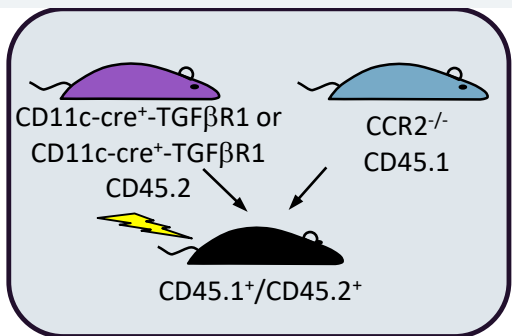
Development of Intestinal Macrophages



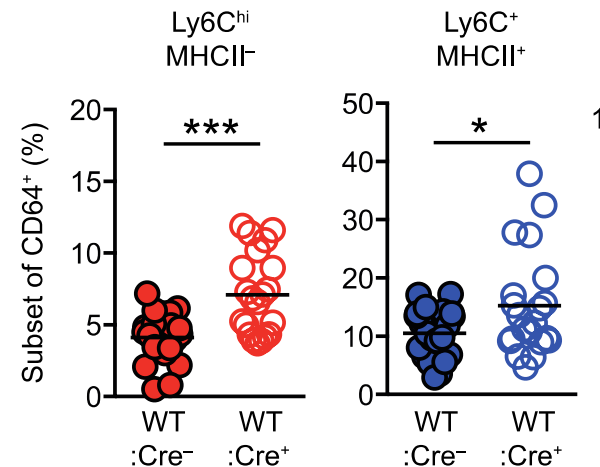
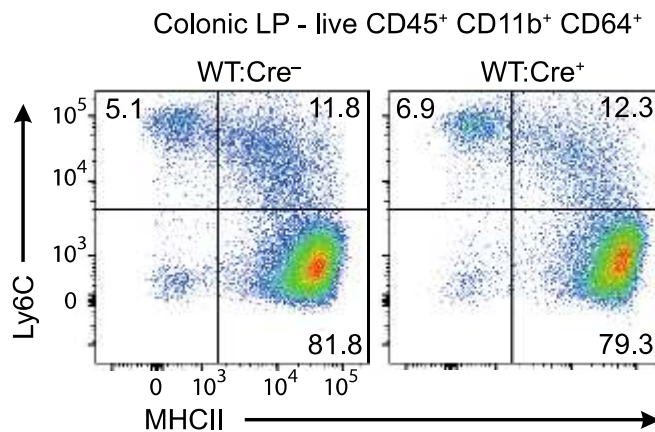
Expansion of macrophage pool associated with burst of monocyte accumulation around weaning, with upregulation of class II MHC - ?? driven by microbiota

TGF β Signalling in Macrophages Prevents Intestinal Inflammation?

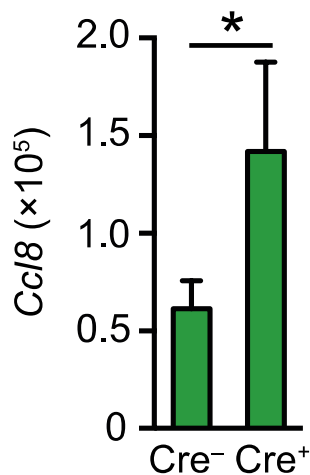
Conditional KO of TGF β R on M ϕ



TGF β R^{fl/fl} Derived Populations

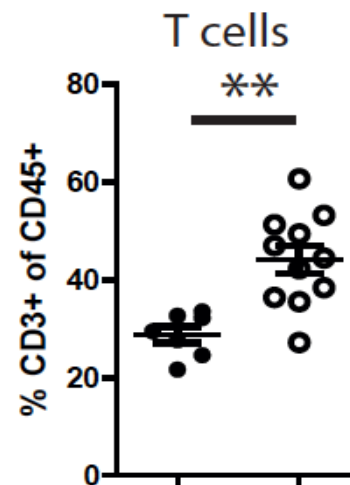


Increased numbers of monocytes and pro-inflammatory early stage macrophages

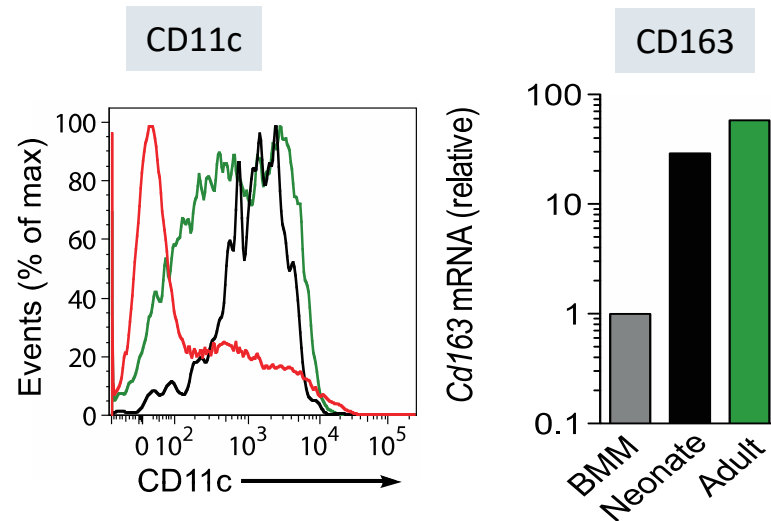
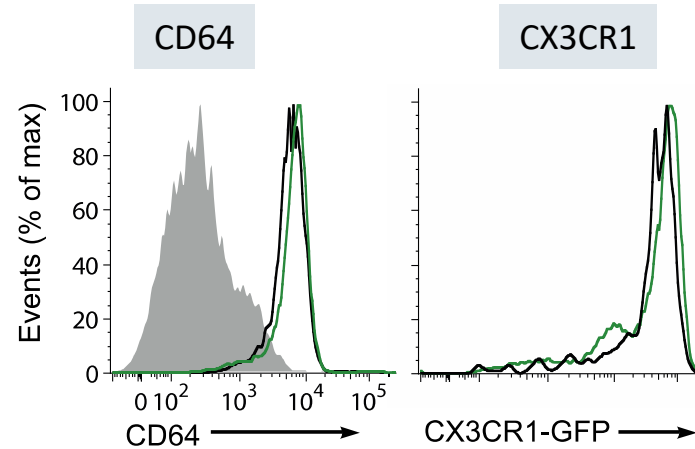
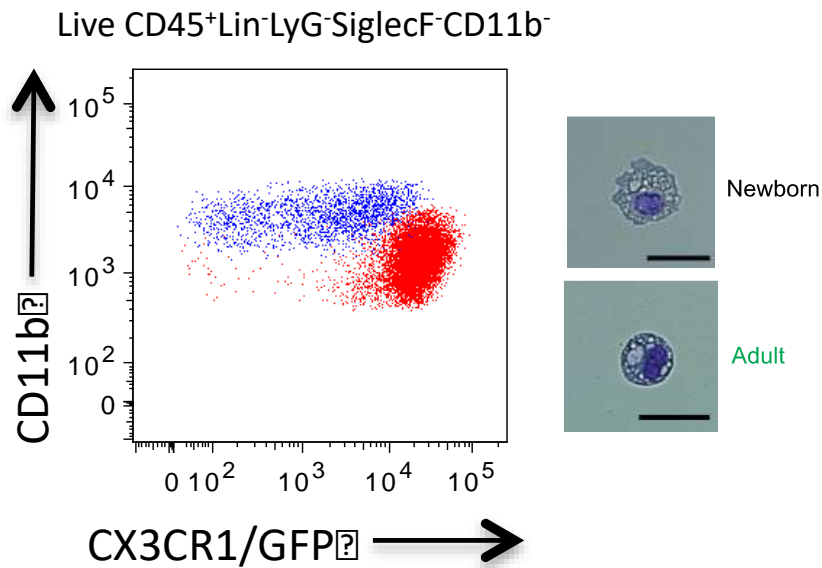


Increased expression of inflammatory chemokine and infiltration by T cells

Bain, Schridde et al Submitted

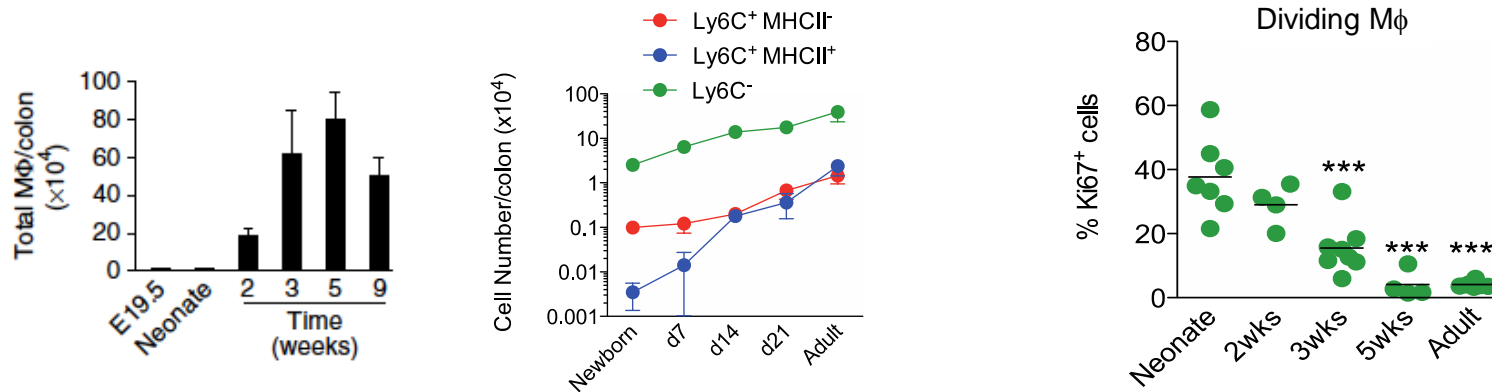


Intestinal Macrophages in the Neonate

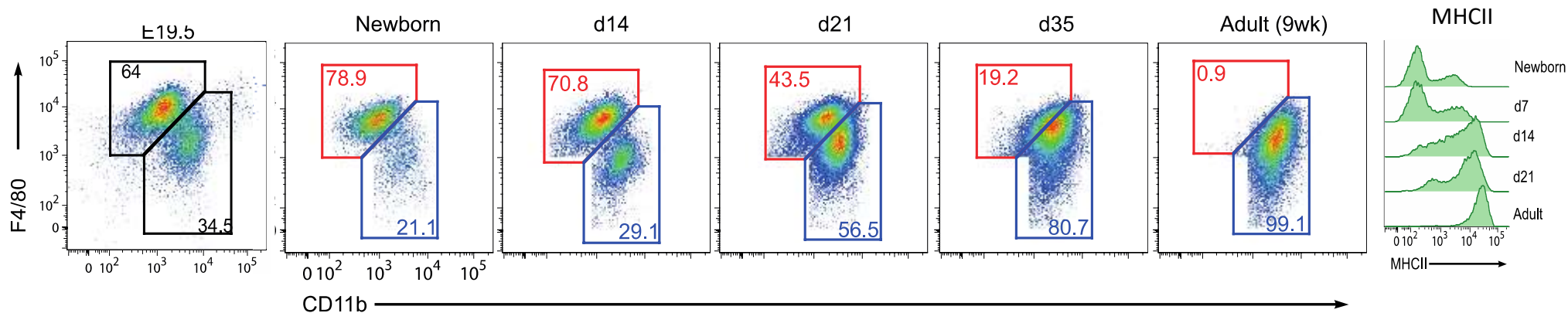


M ϕ are present in newborn colon – same phenotype and morphology as in adult

Maturation of Intestinal Macrophages

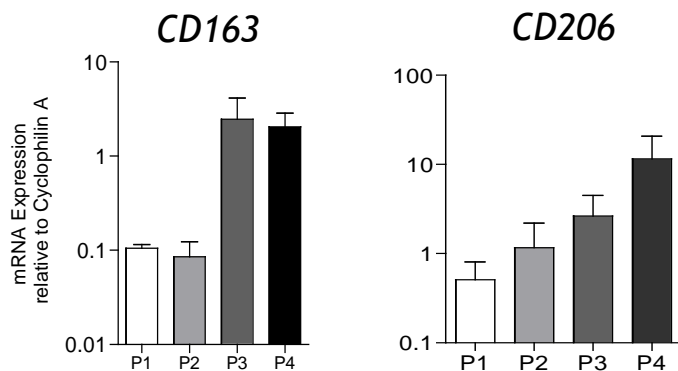


Burst of monocyte accumulation + cessation of self renewal around weaning leads to expansion of m ϕ population

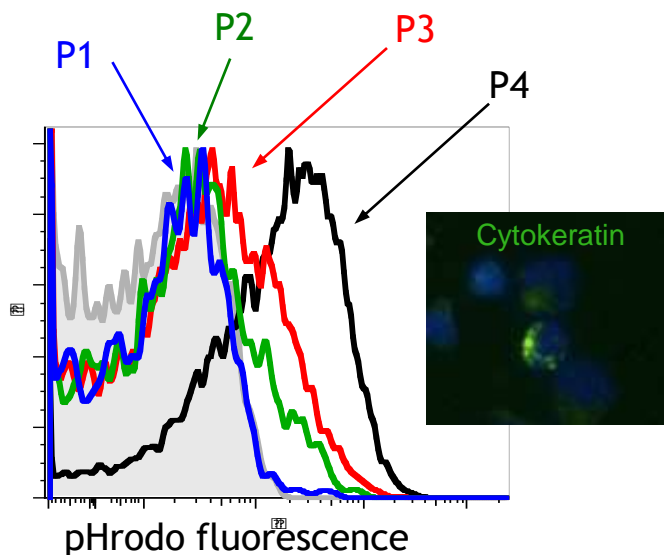
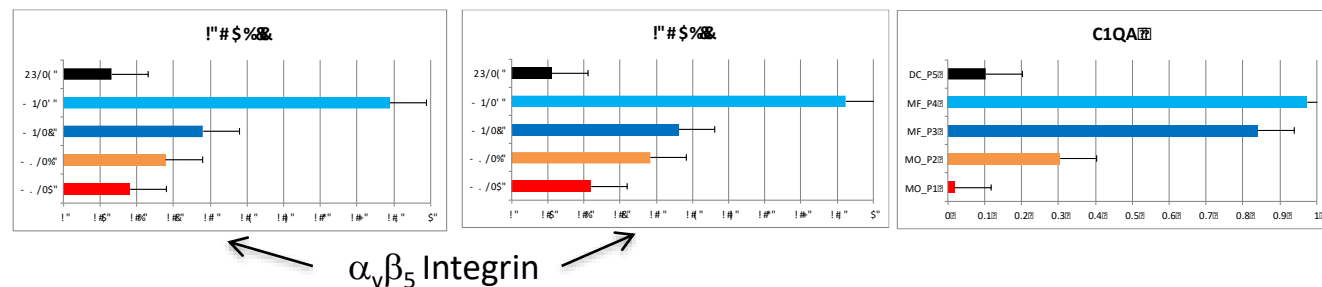


Progressive merging of F4/80^{hi} and CD11b^{hi} populations and acquisition of MHCII

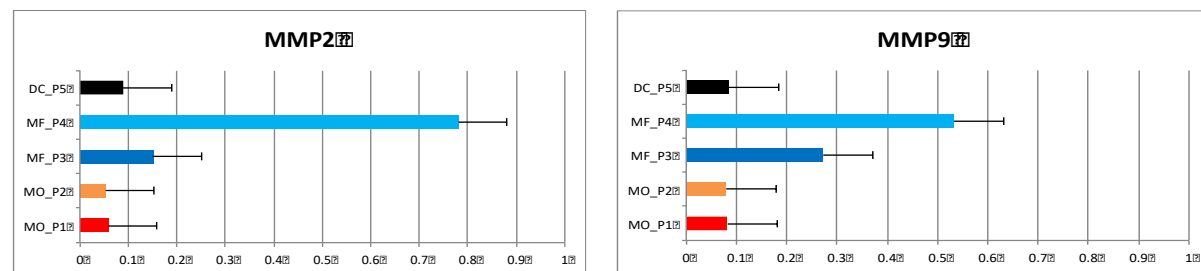
Monocytes Differentiate into Homeostatic Scavengers in Intestine



Scavenger Receptors

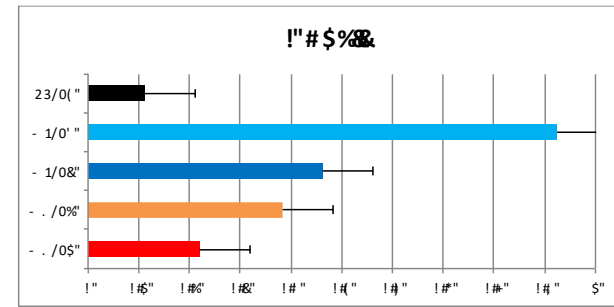
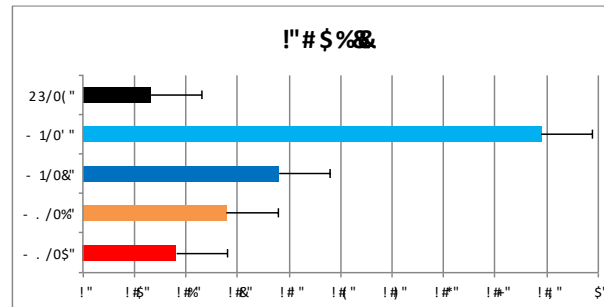
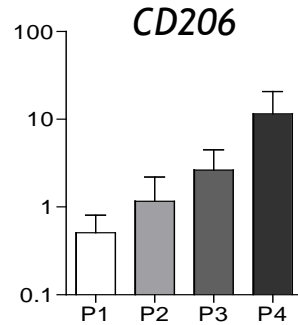
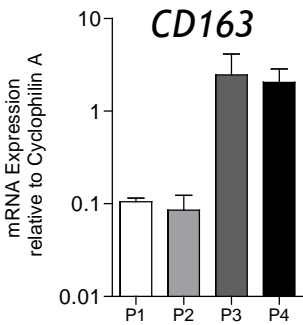
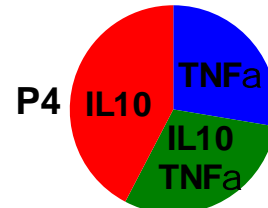
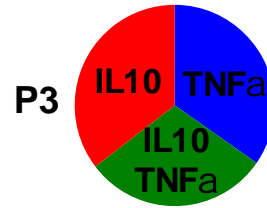
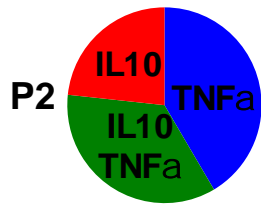
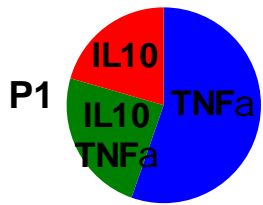
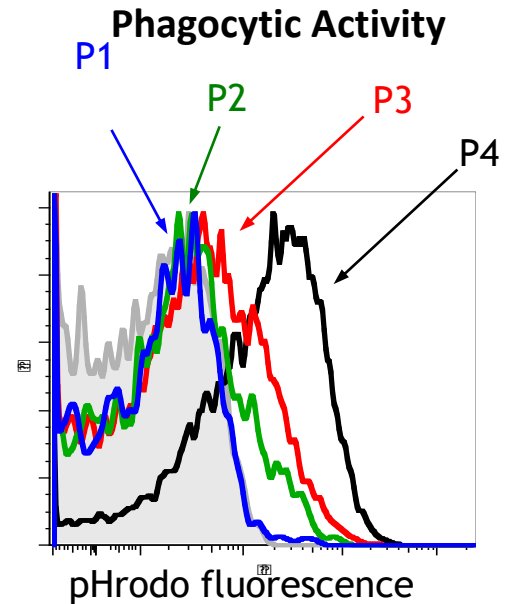
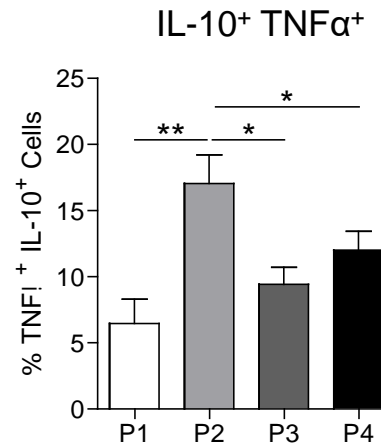
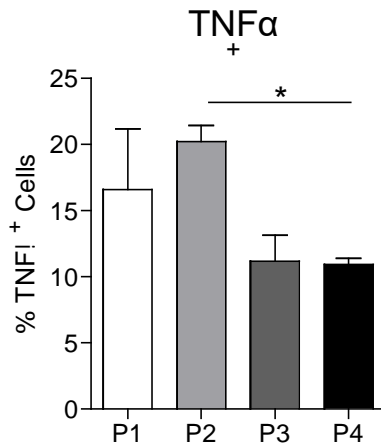
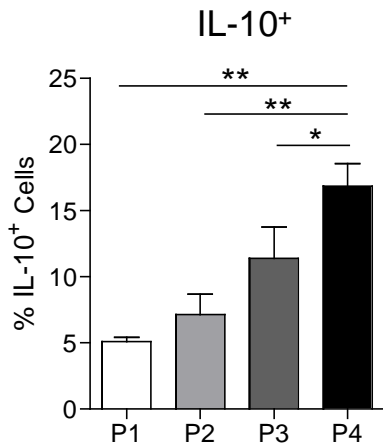


Metalloproteases



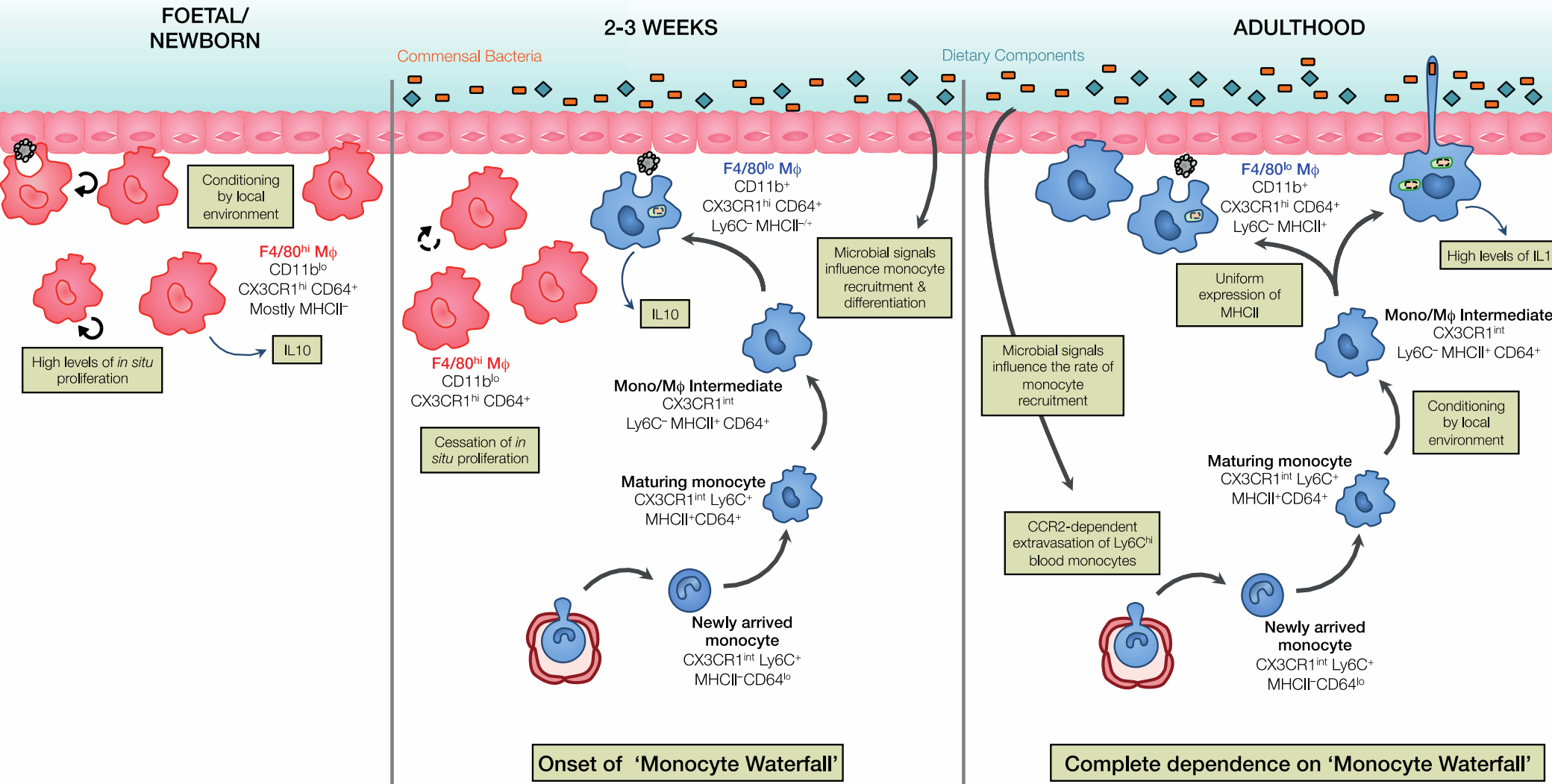
Progressive acquisition of apoptotic cell receptors, phagocytic activity and metalloproteases

In Situ Maturation of Monocytes into Resident Macrophages

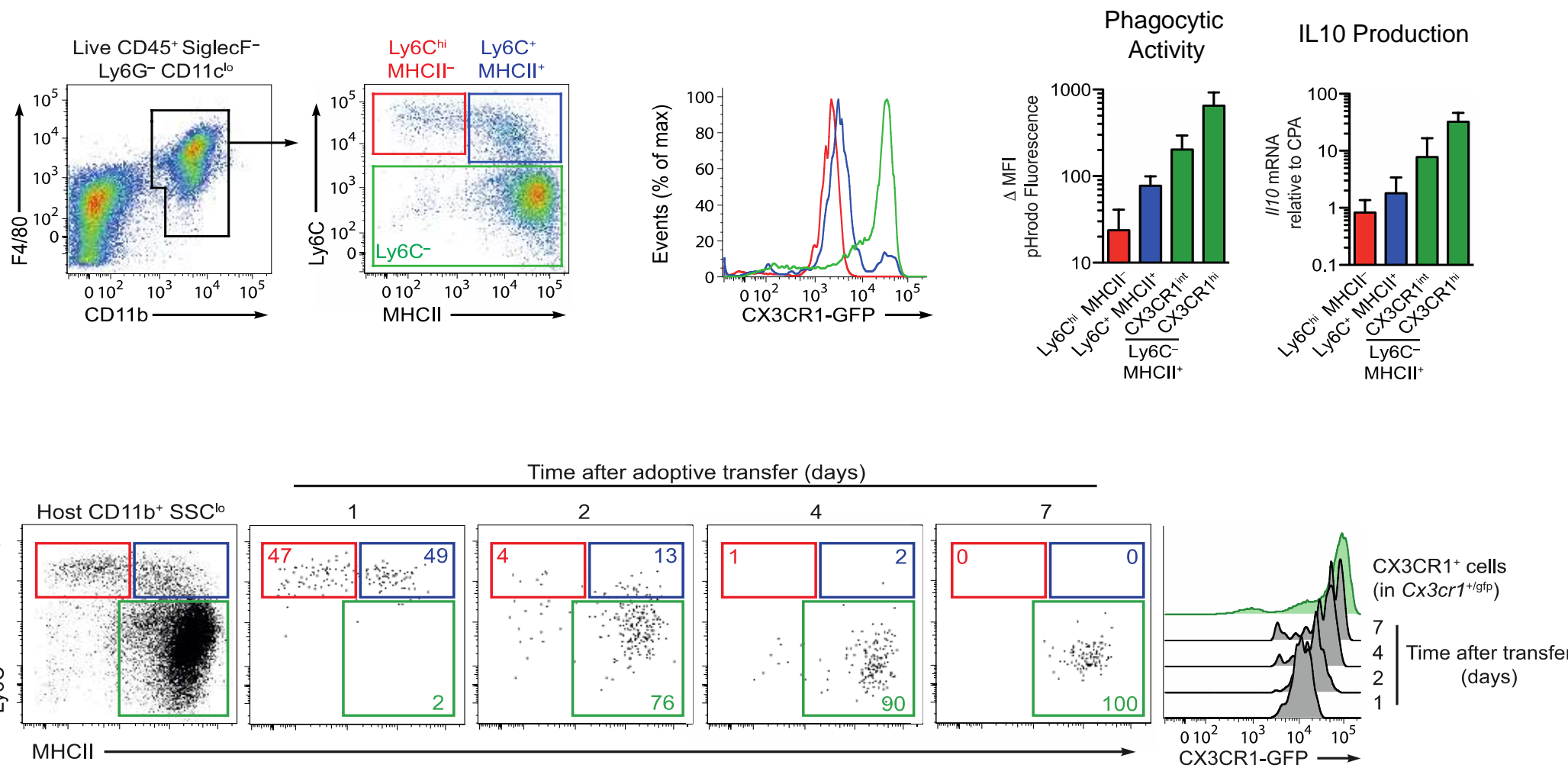


Scavenger Receptors

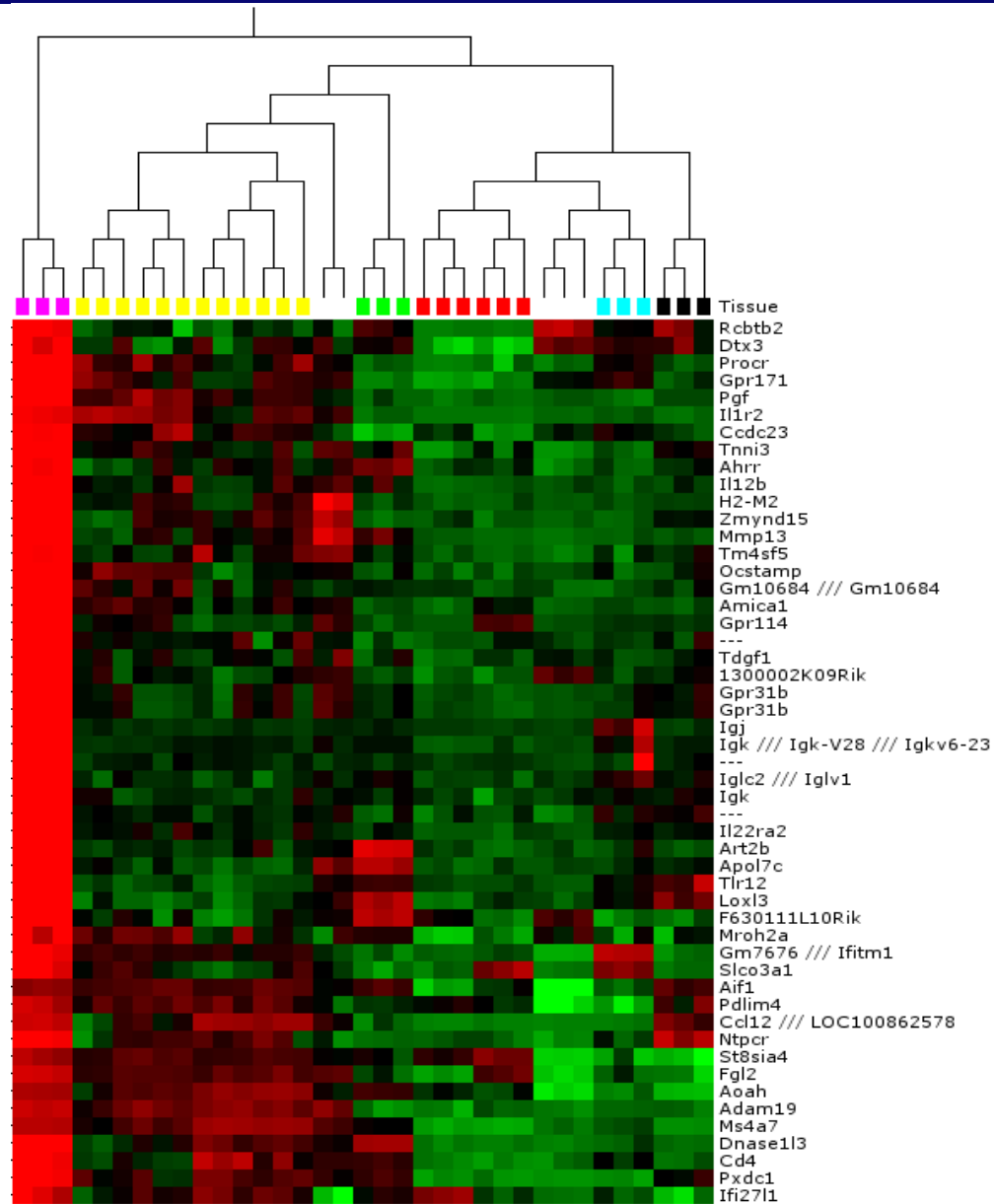
Intestinal Macrophage Development



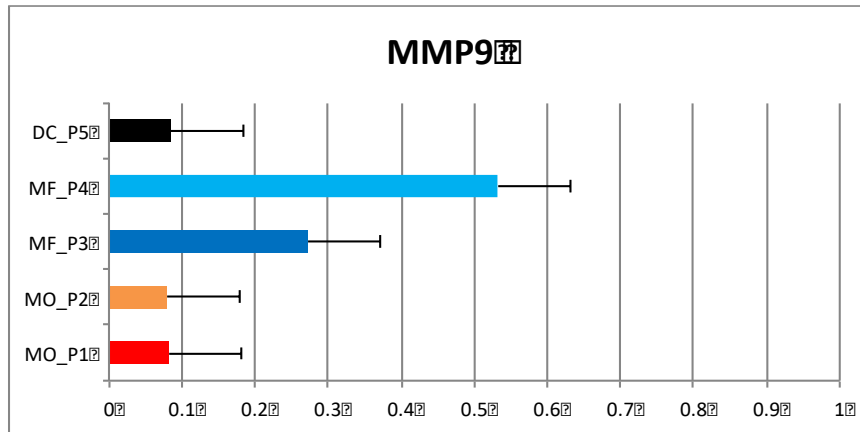
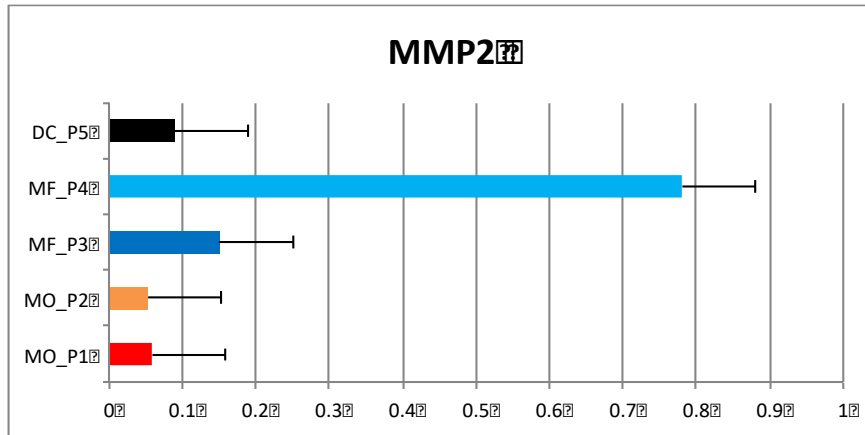
The Colonic M ϕ Compartment Comprises a Monocyte-M ϕ Continuum



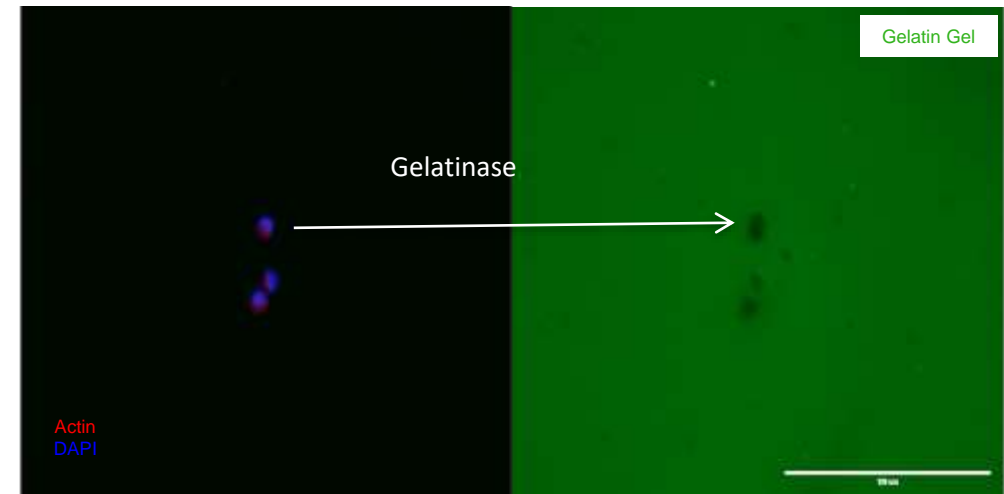
Genetic Signature of Intestinal Macrophages



Monocytes Differentiate into Homeostatic Scavengers in Intestine



Sorted F4/80^{hi}MHCII^{hi} colonic macrophages



MMP2 and MMP9 closely related gelatinases

A Role for TGFβ in Intestinal Macrophage Development?

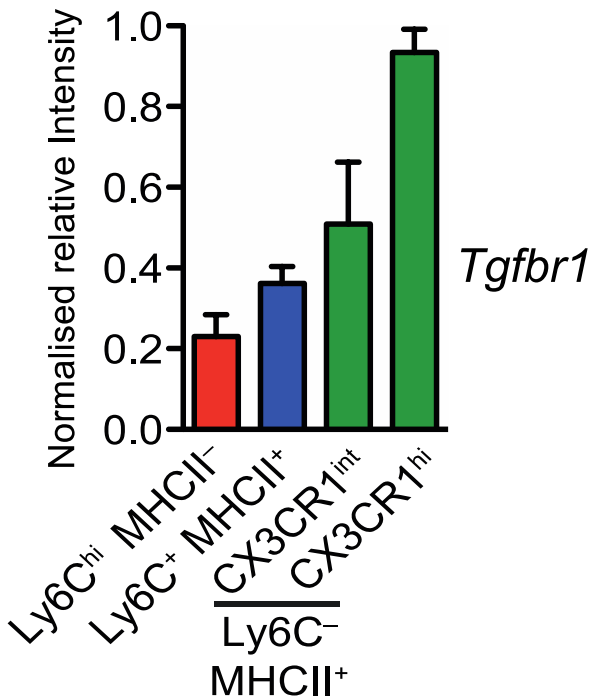
Author's Choice

THE JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY VOL. 285, NO. 25, pp. 19663–19669, June 18, 2010
Printed in the U.S.A.

Inflammation Energy in Human Intestinal Macrophages Is Due to Smad-induced IκBα Expression and NF-κB Inactivation^{†[3]}

Received for publication, September 25, 2009, and in revised form, March 15, 2010. Published, JBC Papers in Press, April 13, 2010, DOI 10.1074/jbc.M109.069953.

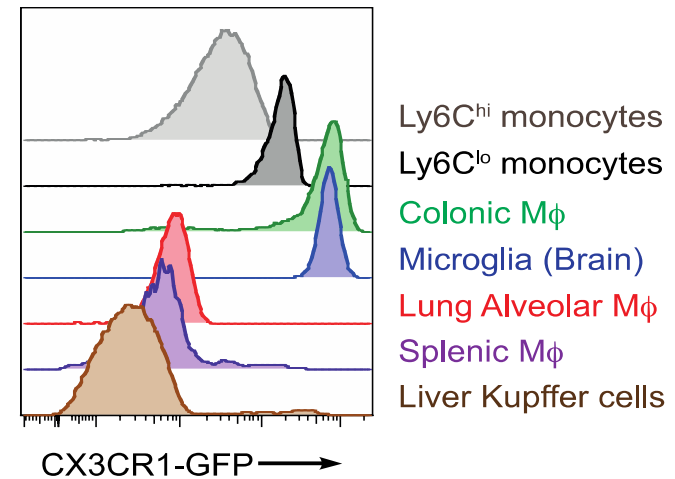
Lesley E. Smythies^{1,1}, Ruizhong Shen¹, Diane Bimczok¹, Lea Novak², Ronald H. Clements³, Devin E. Eckhoff⁴, Philippe Bouchard¹, Michael D. George^{5*}, William K. Hu^{6*}, Satya Dandekar^{7*}, and Phillip D. Smith^{1,1,2}



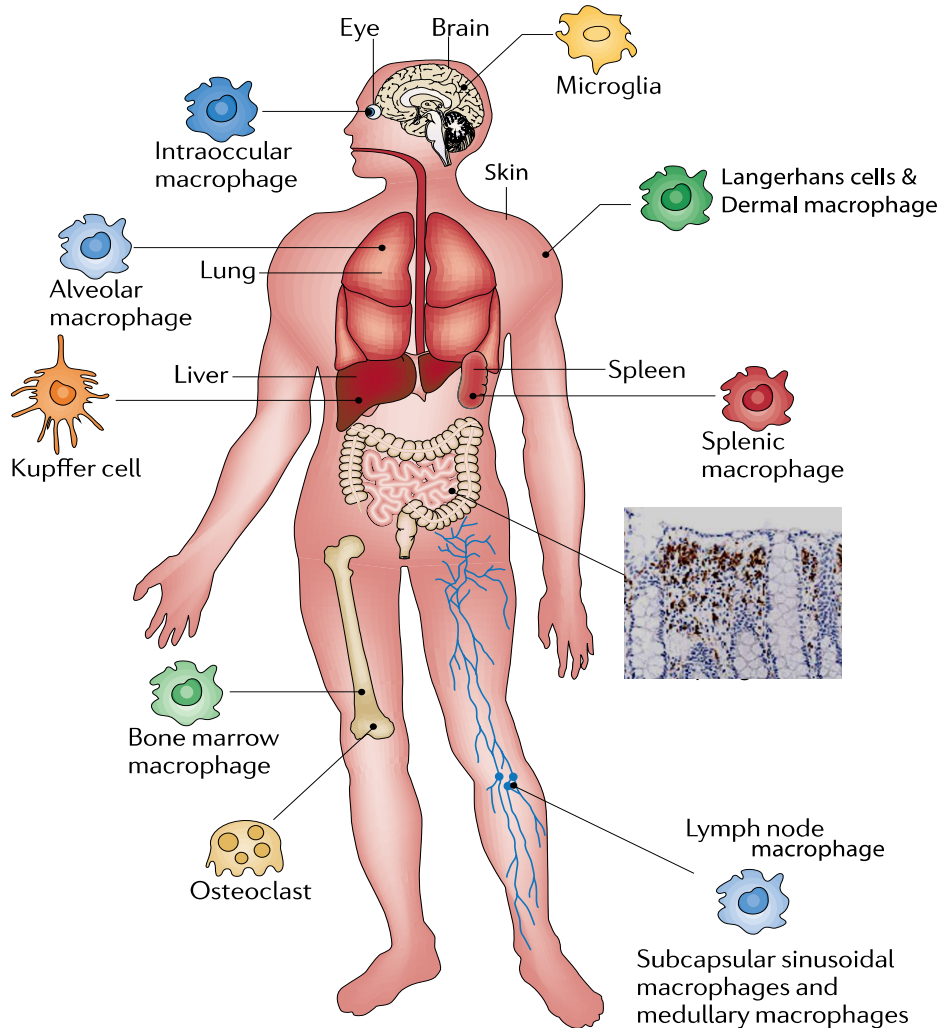
Bain, Scott et al Unpublished

Identification of a unique TGF-β–dependent molecular and functional signature in microglia

Oleg Butovsky¹, Mark P Jedrychowski², Craig S Moore³, Ron Chalich¹, Amanda J Lanser¹, Galina Gabriely¹, Thomas Koeglsperger¹, Ben Dake¹, Pauline M Wu¹, Camille E Doykan¹, Zain Fanek¹, LiPing Liu⁴, Zhuoxun Chen⁵, Jeffrey D Rothstein⁵, Richard M Ransohoff⁶, Steven P Gygi², Jack P Antel² & Howard L Weiner¹



Ontogeny of Intestinal Macrophages



- Proposed that tissue resident $m\phi$ derived from embryonic precursors
- Intestine has distinct requirements
- Intestinal $m\phi$ are derived from local differentiation of circulating monocytes